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DRAFT RESOLUTION

FOR THE GENERAL COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Strengthening Regional Security by Fostering Democratic and Inclusive Societies: The Role of the OSCE PA

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DRAFT RESOLUTION FOR THE GENERAL COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Rapporteur: Ms. Gudrun Kugler (Austria)

- 1. <u>Recalling</u> the Helsinki Final Act of 1975, in which participating States recognized that "efforts to develop co-operation in the fields of trade, industry, science and technology, the environment and other areas of economic activity contribute to the reinforcement of peace and security in Europe and in the world as a whole",
- 2. <u>Reaffirming</u> that, as stated in the Helsinki Final Act of 1975, "co-operation in these fields would promote economic and social progress and the improvement of the conditions of life",
- 3. <u>Emphasizing</u> the unique role of national parliaments in adopting legislation, mobilizing resources, promoting public participation, and creating cross-regional responses to advance economic and environmental security, promote sustainable development, and implement relevant international commitments in the OSCE region,
- 4. <u>Categorically condemning</u> the Russian Federation's unprovoked and unjustified military invasion of Ukraine, which caused great suffering to the civilian population, and <u>drawing attention</u> to the disastrous humanitarian, socio-economic, and environmental consequences of war,
- 5. <u>Condemning</u> in particular the use of hunger and deprivation by the Russian military against the civilian population of Ukraine and of many other countries,
- 6. <u>Supporting</u> all international efforts to permanently secure food deliveries from Ukraine to the rest of the world, and <u>hailing</u> the Initiative on the Safe Transportation of Grain and Foodstuffs from Ukrainian Ports that allows for temporary exports of food and fertilizers from three Ukrainian ports,
- 7. <u>Concerned</u> that the war in Ukraine has significantly weakened connectivity and prosperity across the OSCE region, with a particularly devastating impact on the environment,
- 8. <u>Alarmed</u> that the OSCE region is being strongly impacted by multiple crises, including climate change, the war in Ukraine, and the Covid-19 pandemic, leading to increased costs of living, energy insecurity, and economic downturns,
- 9. <u>Recognizing</u> the negative effect of these crises especially on young people, who are becoming increasingly frustrated and distressed, and <u>welcoming</u> all efforts intended to better integrate the needs and concerns of younger generations in our policy efforts,
- 10. <u>Recognizing</u> the need to ensure women's full participation in society to build more stable, sustainable and prosperous societies,

- 11. <u>Noting with concern</u> that the Arctic region is becoming an area of growing geopolitical confrontation, and <u>underscoring</u> the need to promote peaceful economic development for all interested OSCE participating States, while duly protecting its fragile environment,
- 12. <u>Recognizing</u> the importance of economic security and the role of innovation, human capital, good governance, and interconnectivity, as well as the potential of the digital economy, to drive competitiveness and foster inclusive green growth,
- 13. <u>Welcoming</u> the adoption of the Supplementary Item 'Code of Conduct for Members of the OSCE Parliamentary Assembly' at the Birmingham Annual Session in July 2022, and <u>stressing</u> the need to lead by example in preventing and fighting corruption,
- 14. <u>Recognizing</u> the importance of enhancing international connectivity through transport and trade facilitation, and <u>welcoming</u> the OSCE PA Conference on "the Role of National Parliaments in Promoting Security and Stability through Green Economy, Connectivity and Sustainable Development in the OSCE Region", held in May 2023 in Baku (Azerbaijan),
- 15. <u>Committing</u> to responsible and sustainable economic development, founded on access to clean and affordable energy for all, in order to prevent the spread of poverty and build more prosperous, secure and resilient societies,
- 16. <u>Convinced</u> that economic development and environmental protection must be complementary and mutually reinforcing goals, and that technology and science play a critical role in achieving both goals,
- 17. <u>Increasingly concerned</u> by the reliance of many OSCE participating States on fossil fuels, which leads to energy dependence, geopolitical tensions, and environmental problems,
- 18. <u>Acknowledging</u> that diversifying energy supplies towards clean energy sources is vital for achieving carbon-neutrality, mitigating climate change, reducing energy dependence, and increasing accessibility, affordability, and resilience of energy, the latter referring to ensuring a stable and reliable supply of energy,
- 19. <u>Underscoring</u> that unhindered access to, and affordability of, energy is a key prerequisite for the socio-economic development, social justice and well-being of our societies, and <u>concerned</u> that several areas within the OSCE region still have limited access to electricity,
- 20. <u>Alarmed</u> by the detrimental impact of higher energy prices on the prosperity, security and equality of OSCE citizens, as energy constitutes the largest expenditure of households and fuels inflation throughout the region,
- 21. <u>Concerned</u> in particular by the negative impact of prolonged high-inflation on the socioeconomic stability of our societies, as well as on OSCE's ability to resolutely address the unprecedented security challenges affecting the region, as requested by participating States,

- 22. <u>Also concerned</u> about possible competitive disadvantages for the economy of the OSCE region due to the comparatively higher energy costs experienced by many participating States,
- 23. <u>Stressing</u> the need to better protect critical energy infrastructure in the OSCE region and upgrade current energy networks to address possible fluctuations in energy production and thereby prevent dangerous black outs,
- 24. <u>Considering</u> all options for green mobility, including, but not limited to, electricity powered cars, and <u>committing</u> to research alternatives to fossil fuels such as synthetic fuels and hydrogen,
- 25. <u>Being determined</u> to co-operatively and coherently address the security challenges posed by climate change in line with our 2021 Plea for Resolute Climate Action, focussing *inter alia* on the negative impact of land degradation and soil erosion on local communities' livelihoods, which affect ecosystem services, food security and human well-being,
- 26. <u>Underscoring</u> the importance of fostering science-based responses to climate change, and <u>highlighting</u> the progress already made in this context,
- 27. <u>Hailing</u> the historic resolution of the United Nations (UN) Human Rights Council recognizing a clean, healthy, and sustainable environment as a fundamental human right, and <u>recognizing</u> the UN General Assembly resolution requesting the International Court of Justice to advise on States' obligations in respect of climate change as a key milestone for climate justice,
- 28. <u>Committing</u> to cross-border co-operation on transboundary environmental issues, such as waste management, water management and protection from pollution and hazardous substances,
- 29. <u>Alarmed</u> by the number of micro- and nano-plastic particles found in ecosystems throughout the planet and in human organs, and <u>committing</u> to research the phenomenon and its effects on health,
- 30. <u>Welcoming</u> digitalization as a key process to boost transparency and inclusivity within our societies, and <u>being concerned</u> by the cyber threats stemming from an increasingly digitized world,
- 31. <u>Underlining</u> the need to ensure that digitalization will leave no one behind and to ensure citizens' inclusion in the political, social, and cultural life by providing equal access to all by digital as well as analogous means,
- 32. <u>Reiterating its concerns</u> towards the demographic decline experienced by many OSCE participating States, which undermines economic prosperity and the future performance of social security systems,
- 33. <u>Stressing</u> the need to analyze and compare the effectiveness of different measures implemented by OSCE participating States to mitigate the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic with a view to prevent and better address similar future health crises,

- 34. <u>Reiterating</u> the support of the OSCE PA for the work of the OSCE Chairmanship in building consensus around pressing second dimension security concerns at this critical juncture, of the Office of the Co-ordinator of OSCE Economic and Environmental Activities in aiding participating States to implement economic and environmental commitments in the OSCE region, and of OSCE Field Operations in promoting sustainable development, environmental protection, and economic growth across the region,
- 35. <u>Gravely concerned</u> by the growing politicization within the OSCE debates related to economic and environmental security, which has lead to, *inter alia*, a lack of consensus for the first time on the agenda, theme, and modalities of the 31st Economic and Environmental Forum,
- 36. <u>Welcoming</u> the session on "Promoting Economic and Environmental Security amid the Current Crisis" at 20th OSCE PA Autumn Meeting on November 2022 and a Special Debate on "Affordable, secure, clean, and sustainable energy in the OSCE region: prospects and challenges" at the 22nd OSCE PA Winter Meeting on February 2023 as excellent opportunities to share relevant parliamentary experience and promote greater policy convergence around critical issues on the agenda of the General Committee on Economic Affairs, Science, Technology and Environment, as well as all internal coordination efforts, including with relevant Special Representatives, to further the reach and impact of the Committee's work,

The OSCE Parliamentary Assembly:

- 37. <u>Encourages</u> national parliaments to foster a culture of reflection and self-examination, remembrance and history education to prevent repetition of past crimes, such as totalitarianism, war crimes, or genocide;
- 38. <u>Calls on governments to redouble co-ordinated efforts in the implementation of the 2030</u> Agenda for Sustainable Development and relevant OSCE commitments, duly reconciling global economic progress with social justice and the preservation of the environment;
- 39. <u>Encourages</u> its members to lead by example in preventing and fighting corruption, promoting a culture of transparency and enhancing accountability across the board;
- 40. <u>Urges</u> OSCE participating States to promote sustainable economic recovery across the region, duly leveraging on new technologies;
- 41. <u>Exhorts</u> OSCE participating States to develop ambitious strategies for the clean energy transition, while keeping in mind the competitiveness of their economies, the needs of less privileged people and other local circumstances in order to ensure a more equitable, inclusive, effective and affordable transition to cleaner energy sources, which is key to mitigate climate change and protect our planet;
- 42. <u>Calls on governments to enhance social and labor protection for women and motherhood,</u> and to guarantee full and equal access of women to the labor market and the economy;
- 43. <u>Calls on</u> OSCE participating States to promote effective, sustainable and human-rights compliant migration governance, ensure comprehensive border security and increase

international co-operation to address the socio-economic and environmental drivers of migration and displacement, and especially war and climate change;

- 44. <u>Encourages</u> the OSCE participating States to significantly reduce their greenhouse gas emissions according to the Paris Agreement and the COP26 Glasgow Conclusions, including committing to more ambitious emission reduction targets via realistic nationally determined contributions aimed at capping temperature increases at 1.5C;
- 45. <u>Calls on</u> the OSCE participating States to look into options for building more sustainable cities, to save energy and reduce consumptions by tackling technical deficiencies in existing buildings and planning new variants with limited environmental impact, as well as introducing process simplifications and lowering bureaucratic efforts for renovation efforts;
- 46. <u>Urges</u> the OSCE participating States to facilitate, within their respective societies, open and facts-based debates on climate change with a view to promote community engagement, avoid climate-anxiety, and highlight meaningful progress, where achieved;
- 47. <u>Encourages</u> the OSCE participating States to join forces in securing and protecting water as a strategic natural resource for maintaining and promoting security and to strengthen water diplomacy on issues such as water protection, pollution and wastewater treatment;
- 48. <u>Calls on governments to engage in cross-border dialogue and establish working groups to deal with transboundary pollution and hazardous waste;</u>
- 49. <u>Urges</u> the OSCE participating States to adopt policies and legislation that will prevent the misuse of technology for human trafficking purposes, and to upgrade relevant policies to effectively fight traffickers and protect the victims;
- 50. <u>Calls on</u> national parliaments to establish civil and criminal liability of online platforms for complicity in human trafficking, create legal frameworks to implement consent verification mechanisms for individuals depicted in sexually explicit content and to develop visible mechanisms for users to report cases of exploitation and human trafficking and the obligation of companies to report human trafficking cases to law enforcement authorities;
- 51. <u>Encourages</u> multidisciplinary efforts to evaluate the impact of ChatGPT, and similar new technologies on democracy, education and privacy, as well as possible risks to cybersecurity, and develop the appropriate regulatory frameworks;
- 52. <u>Calls on</u> governments to collaborate to tackle the challenges stemming from a very fast and ubiquitous digitization process, not only in terms of technical support required for the implementation of digital transformations, but also in view of exchanging knowledge and best practices, as well as develop adequate data strategies for the benefit of the people;
- 53. <u>Calls on</u> national parliaments to establish dedicated working groups and committees to study and respond to the challenges posed by the demographic developments in many OSCE participating States, and more specifically, consider ways to strengthen

intergenerational relations, enhance the quality of life for elderly people, and develop family supportive measures;

- 54. <u>Encourages</u> governments to focus on the long-term efficiency of their health and social systems, improving the accessibility to professional health care and diversifying the supply of medications to ensure holistic care to all people within the OSCE region;
- 55. <u>Urges</u> OSCE participating States to assess and exchange notes on the effectiveness of their measures to counter the COVID 19 pandemic with a view to codify important lessons learned and set up a framework to better respond to similar future health crises;
- 56. <u>Urges</u> the OSCE participating state to reconsider the use of "gain of function" virology, and tighten security standards;
- 57. <u>Invites</u> the General Committee on Economic Affairs, Science, Technology and Environment of the OSCE PA to continue raising awareness and providing an open platform to share experiences, interface with the scientific world and foster policy convergence around key economic and environmental security challenges in the OSCE region, including through dedicated initiatives in partnership with the OSCE Executive Structures and other relevant actors;
- 58. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary General to (1) make proposals on how to overcome the current financial challenges also triggered by persistent inflation with the aim to enable the Assembly to fulfill the expectations of its membership in addressing the multiple unprecedented challenges, and (2) to implement adequate staff retention measures by gradually aligning employment conditions to those of the OSCE and of other similar international organizations;
- 59. <u>Encourages</u> the International Secretariat to continue engaging in goal-oriented cooperation with the OSCE executive structures in Vienna and throughout the region, as well as with other international organizations, to promote economic and environmental security in line with relevant OSCE PA resolutions.

GENERAL COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT

PROPOSED AMENDMENT to the DRAFT RESOLUTION

on

STRENGTHENING REGIONAL SECURITY BY FOSTERING DEMOCRATIC AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETIES: THE ROLE OF THE OSCE PA

[Set out text of Amendment here:]

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