# A CLIMATE RESILIENT, ZERO-CARBON FUTURE: UNDP'S VISION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT THROUGH THE PARIS AGREEMENT



Empowered lives. Resilient nations.

The adoption of the historic, global agreement on climate change in December 2015, provides a unique opportunity to deliver sustainable development. Building on its 20-plus years of support in mitigation and adaptation in over 140 countries, UNDP is ready to support countries to accelerate the pace and scale up their work to date, delivering concrete action to meet the aspirations of their national climate pledges and development goals. With sustained and dedicated experience working at the country level, as well as detailed knowledge of national and local priorities, UNDP has developed an exceptional understanding of the challenges developing countries face from the changing climate and the solutions needed for them to implement the Paris Agreement, within the context of their development goals.

UNDP's vision is a zerocarbon path that delivers climate-resilient, sustainable development. Our mission is to strengthen the capacities of developing countries to realize that vision.

# OUR SHARED CHALLENGE AND OPPORTUNITY

By 2060, the size of our world economy is expected to triple. More than two-thirds of the growth is expected to come from developing countries. At the same time, the world's population is projected to rise by 3 billion people over the same period. As the result of this population growth and economic development, energy demand is set to increase considerably, which can further boost greenhouse gas emissions. The energy sector already contributes twothirds of greenhouse gas emissions (the rest being attributed to land use, forestry and other industrial processes).

The changing climate meanwhile continues to disrupt the economy and lives of millions, if not billions. If we do not act, the consequences could be even more severe. Climate change could displace up to 150 – 250 million people within the next decades, lead to declines in crop and livestock production (critically threatening food security in many regions), render large tracks of coastal areas uninhabitable through sea level rise, and put infrastructure, livelihoods and lives at risk in everexpanding cities around the world.

It is clear that climate change is affecting everyone, everywhere, but not equally. Just as the risks and impacts of climate changeinduced hazards vary between countries, so do the capacities of countries to address them. Developing countries often have less capacity and resources to reduce emissions, adapt to climate impacts, and manage the uncertainty of climate risk, whilst they are confronted with pressing development challenges.

We must scale up action now in order for countries to deliver zero-carbon economic growth and development for all.

This is a unique moment, the opportunity to accelerate action to both tackle climate change and spur development that supports thriving people, communities and environments everywhere.

# FROM PARIS TO MARRAKESH AND BEYOND

Following the adoption of the Paris Agreement, attention has now turned toward helping countries achieve the goals and targets they have pledged. UNDP's commitment to support countries and communities is based on three lessons:

#### 1. CLIMATE ACTION IS DEVELOPMENT ACTION

Sustainable development is only possible when we consider the current and potential impacts of a changing climate, and how choices can affect, for better or worse, climate itself. The implementation of the Paris Agreement is therefore, not only about achieving affordable clean energy (SDG #7) and climate action (SDG #13), but also about economic development and decent employment, eliminating poverty, advancing gender equality, delivering basic health and education services, and protecting the environment. UNDP firmly believes that the achievement of climateresilient, zero-carbon development will also protect populations from increasing displacement, migration and conflict exacerbated by climate change.

#### 2. NATIONAL LEADERSHIP IS PARAMOUNT

The agreement made in Paris was a unique moment and delivered a strong and united signal of global commitment. Central to its success was that it was built upon individual contributions from each and every country, national leadership transforming into global change. Achieving the ambition of the agreement, however, will require increased efforts and continued leadership to ensure that climate action is implemented at an accelerated pace and at scale.

This includes strengthening the capacity of national, sub-national, and local institutions to integrate climate change provisions in development planning and prepare for implementation of Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs). It also includes developing innovative financial mechanisms and tools for climate-sensitive development – in addition to ensuring access and efficient use of climate finance; supporting gender-responsive, inclusive approaches; and substantial transparency measures. As past experiences have shown, each country is best suited to take the lead in identifying and implementing their respective climate solutions, as it builds on the technical and financial support provided by the international community.

#### 3. PARTNERSHIP IS CRITICAL TO SUCCESS

UNDP has long realized that partnership is central to delivering on both climate change and sustainable development. In part, through our country level work, UNDP has acted as a neutral broker, helping bring

partners together to address the great challenge of a changing climate. UNDP's work has harnessed the knowledge, expertise and leadership of numerous and diverse international, national and local partners, public and private, working together to develop capacity, craft policy, advance thought leadership, build up evidence, implement joint programmes, and much more. The global agreements of 2015, have made it clear we have a new level of ambition and a much higher challenge. In order to deliver inclusive zero carbon, climate-resilient development at the needed scale and with the urgency required, robust and meaningful partnership must underpin all our work.

### THE COMMITMENT IN PRACTICE

#### FOR WHO?

UNDP is already supporting 140 countries across all regions in climate actions, in collaboration with bilateral and multilateral partners and with support from global funds such as the Global Environment Facility, Adaptation Fund and Green Climate Fund. UNDP is committed to deepening and expanding this support. FOR WHAT?

UNDP's work will help countries to deliver on commitments to the Paris Agreement and Sustainable Development Goals, including dedicated adaptation assistance for countries that are the most vulnerable, and expanded support for all to move toward climate-resilient, zero carbon development.

# THE UNDP COMMITMENT

UNDP commits to providing long-term support to the Paris Agreement, to significantly scale up climate change action, build resilience, and pursue zero-carbon, sustainable and inclusive development in partner countries, helping them deliver on their climate commitments as well as achieve the SDGs.

#### **PILLAR ONE: ZERO-CARBON GROWTH**

UNDP will help countries meet and scale up their post-Paris ambitions by supporting their economies to transition towards zero-carbon development.

- Implementing Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs). Helping countries turn national targets into concrete actions. This work includes the planning and delivery of climate change initiatives, as provided for through the mechanisms of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) such as formulating and implementing NAMAs and LEDs.
- Integrating Zero Carbon Development. Supporting developing countries to integrate climate change into development planning across all sectors at the national and sub-national levels.
- Delivering Sustainable Energy. This includes closing the energy <u>access</u> gap, including through on and off grid electricity access, promoting energy <u>efficiency</u> and conservation, and increasing the global share of <u>renewable</u> energy. The creation of an environment conducive to private sector investment, through energy market transformation and de-risking investment, underpin these efforts.
- Reducing Emissions through Protecting Forests. UNDP will support efforts to protect against deforestation and forest degradation while also reducing emissions and promoting sustainable livelihoods.

# UNDP'S VISION: ZERO CARBON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

# ZERO-CARBON GROWTH ADAPTATION AND RESILIENCE • Implementing Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) • Strengthening Integrated Adaptation Policies, Plans a Strategies

- - Addressing Climate and Disaster Risks

PARTNERSHIPS

FOR DEVELOPMENT

Instilling Risk-Informed Disaster Recovery

CATALYZING CLIMATE FINANCE SOCIAL INCLUSION AND GENDER

#### UNDERPINNING COMPONENTS

CAPACITIES

- Strengthened Capacities: Recognizing that many developing countries require strengthened national capacity to deliver their climate and development objectives, UNDP supports countries to strengthen individual, institutional and system capacities to scale up climate action, pursue zero carbon goals, and build both national and local resilience.
- Catalyzing Climate Finance: UNDP is significant partner for developing countries, helping them plan for, access, combine, deliver and measure climate finance. This includes funding through vertical funds and other multilateral and bilateral sources, policy support such as de-risking private sector

finance for renewable energy, promoting finance readiness and budgeting for climate change policies and programmes.

- **Partnership for Development:** Strong development initiatives are a collaborative effort. UNDP brings together national government, private sector, civil society and other partners to deliver lasting effective support to developing countries. In addition, it draws upon its international and regional networks to support effective action, South-South Collaboration and learning and evidence.
- Social Inclusion and Gender. All UNDP's work in supporting the implementation of the Paris agreement will be built upon support to integrate gender equality and social inclusion into national and sub-national action.

#### HOW?

UNDP's commitment is articulated through two pillars that support developing countries to achieve inclusive development through reducing emissions, while also adapting to the changing climate and managing climate risk, both as part of long-term sustainable development.

#### **BY WHEN?**

UNDP's support will help countries from now through to 2030: accelerated readiness, significant scaling up of implementation from and a vision that widens ambitions and delivers inclusive development and climate action.

#### **PILLAR TWO: ADAPTATION AND RESILIENCE**

UNDP will support countries to adapt to the impacts of climate change and increase their resilience to both sudden shocks and long-term effects, with particular attention to the poorest and most vulnerable.

- Strengthening Integrated Adaptation Policies,
   Plans and Strategies. Strengthening adaptation and
   development with the support of the tools of the UNFCCC,
   including National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) and National
   Adaptation Programmes of Action (NAPAs). This also
   includes strengthening adaptation actions emerging from
   NDCs.
- Advancing Cross-Sectoral Adaptation Action. Scaling-up climate resilient livelihoods for the poor and vulnerable, supporting small and medium enterprises to reduce exposure to climate risks, improving climate information and early warning systems, expanding ecosystem based adaptation solutions and resilient infrastructure.
- Addressing Climate and Disaster Risks: Identifying and incorporating the management of climate risks with disaster risk reduction (DRR) into all governance, planning, implementation and monitoring.
- Instilling Risk-Informed Disaster Recovery. Integrating climate change into disaster recovery efforts, and using this as an opportunity to build back better and more resilient.

#### A COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGE TO DELIVER

UNDP's 20-year experience supporting over 140 countries to deliver climate action has given us the tools, resources and expertise to support post-Paris implementation.

- Bridging Climate and Development: Ensuring that development is zero-carbon and risk-informed is the only way to deliver long-term sustainability. As the UN development agency, with a \$2.8 billion portfolio in climate action across 140 countries, and deep familiarity with national and local contexts, development priorities and challenges, UNDP is wellplaced to support countries to integrate climate concerns into development.
- Empowering the most Vulnerable: UNDP has a track record of supporting countries most vulnerable to climate change. Our extensive adaptation portfolio, our work under UN-REDD, and our support to the Climate Vulnerable Forum are just a few examples of work that helps the most vulnerable lead within and beyond national borders. Central to UNDP's work is ensuring that everyone, vulnerable or otherwise, has a voice and are able to participate in climate action.

- Extensive Organizational Infrastructure: A network of 170 Country Offices, Regional Hubs, and Policy Centers work with UNDP Headquarters to help countries develop policies, programmes and approaches to tackle climate change and undertake sustainable development. This ensures advice and support that delivers appropriate and contextualized action.
- Brokering Access to Climate Finance: UNDP has had significant success in helping developing countries secure access to finance for climate action, based on its considerable partnerships with the GEF and GCF, multilateral funds such as UN-REDD, bilateral partners, and the private sector.
- **Support to INDCs:** UNDP has been a leading supporter to countries in developing their Paris Commitments, helping 43 countries prepare their iNDCs. By working closely with national partners in their development, UNDP has encouraged a direct linkage between INDCs and national priorities, connecting them to delivery of the SDGs.
- **Partnerships and Innovation:** UNDP works with an extensive network of partners from the UN system, development banks, civil society and the private sector, bringing together the best expertise to support countries to meet their development aspirations. Through partnership, joint implementation and innovation, UNDP is able to work with partners to find new ways to tackle a changing climate.

#### THE SCALE AND SCOPE TO BUILD UPON

Since 2008, UNDP has supported more than **140 countries** to access more than **US\$ 2.7 billion** in grant finance to develop and implement climate change initiatives.

