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AN URGENT DOSSIER

HUNGER STRIKE BY POLITICAL PRISONERS IN TURKEY

- **The lives of tens of political prisoners are under threat.**
- **Urgent call to all humanitarian associations and international institutions**
- **Any delayed reaction will cost the lives of political prisoners in Turkish Prisons**
 - **The hunger strike is in its 53rd day**
 - **Every minute counts**



The hunger strikes in prisons across Turkey demanding an end to systematic rights violations continue. 168 prisoners in 18 prisons are joining the hunger strike which has entered day 53 in Şakran Prison in İzmir province.

➤ **Every minute counts**

Indefinite-Irreversible Hunger Strike is in its 47th day

Date	Prison	Prisoners	Day
15.02.2017	Şarkan T2	8	53
15.02.2017	Şarkan T3	5	53
22.02.2017	Şarkan Women's Ward	5	45
23.02.2017	Sincan Women's Ward.	7	44
01.03.2017	Şarkan T4	8	38
08.03.2017	Tekirdağ T1	10	31
15.03.2017	Tarsus Women's Ward	5	24
22.03.2017	Şarkan T4	7	17
27.03.2017	Bolu F Type	10	12
01.04.2017	Hatay F Type	11	7
03.04.2017	Sincan Women's Ward	9	8
03.04.2017	Silivri No.5 Type	10	8
04.04.2017	Kepsut	6	7
05.04.2017	Menemen	4	6
05.04.2017	Bandırma T Type	21	6

Families of prisoners have started reversible hunger strike in İzmir province to draw attention to the condition of prisoners who are on hunger strike for 53 days.



Peace Mothers Assembly member Medine Kaymaz spoke on behalf of the hunger strike participants, saying the followings; "We do not want a death to occur in prisons. Erdoğan became president but he continues his cruelty. Now that we do not accept his atrocities, how could we expect those in prison to accept it? We will never give up on our children. We stand by their resistance and we salute their struggle."

An unprecedented system of isolation and torture is taking place in Turkish prisons



`` We do not want our children die for a basic demand. Their demand is ours!
`` Hundreds of political prisoners are on an indefinite-irreversible hunger strike in several Turkish prisons. Their aim is to **condemn Turkey's fascist and racist system**, to protest

the arbitrary practices of the prison administration and the increasing violations of their rights. The isolation of all political prisoners and especially that of Kurdish People's Leader, Abdullah OCALAN, has been expanded to include all prisons.

The hunger strike was launched at the *İzmir Aliğa Şakran Prison, Edirne F-Type Closed Prison, Sincan Women's Closed Prison, Sırnak Closed Prison, Urfa-Hilwan Closed Prison, and Wan Prison.*

The Human Rights Association (IHD) Commission on Prisons report on the increasing human rights violations in Turkey's prisons 50-person delegation will conduct an investigation in 72 prisons across the country and report on the violations of prisoners' rights. The reporting is expected to be finalized by June.

THE DEMANDS OF THE PRISONERS

- **To lift the ongoing State of Emergency (OHAL) process.**
- **To resume political negotiations with the Kurdish movement.**
- **To end the isolation of all political prisoners, especially that of Kurdish People's Leader, Abdullah Ocalan.**
- **An end to repression in prison.**
- **An end to mass raids of prison wards.**
- **To enable communication between wards.**
- **Permission of social activities in prisons.**
- **The removal of restriction on books.**
- **Cessation of harassment by wardens during family visitations.**
- **Provision for the treatment of ill prisoners.**
- **The provision of conditions for a free conversation.**
- **Cessation of violation of prisoners' rights.**

PKK and PAJK prisoners start hunger strike



Political prisoners of PAJK (Kurdistan Women's Liberation Party) and PKK (Kurdistan Workers' Party) in Turkey's prisons started a hunger strike on 7 February.

Deniz Kaya of PKK and PAJK prisoners stated

"The AKP is trying to intimidate the opposition through its emergency decrees, arrests, detentions, and normalization of torture. Parliamentarians, mayors, academics and journalists are arrested, villages are burnt, houses are destroyed, and people are displaced and massacred. The first place *where the state of emergency coup regime was implemented was the İmralı High Security Prison*. An unprecedented system of isolation and torture is taking place there. The isolation of Kurdish People's Leader Abdullah Ocalan is being expanded over to all prisons. Our Leader and the comrades that are in the same jail with him are unable to meet with their families or lawyer, and are even prohibited from writing a letter.

The people put in prison have no life guarantees. Every day, our friends that are exiled from one prison to another are searched naked and tortured. Our belongings are seized during the raids on our cells and the letters we write in Kurdish are not sent as they are labelled 'unknown language.' Cameras are placed in our cells in a way that violates our living spaces, and we are forced to stand on attention during the roll-calls and wear name badges just like during the September 12 coup. The fascist AKP-MHP bloc *seeks to consolidate their dictatorship by making Erdoğan president* through a referendum. As the PKK and PAJK prisoners, we state that we will continue to reject this fascist and racist system and put up resistance. We call upon all social groups to say 'NO' during the referendum enforced by the AKP-MHP alliance and to enhance the resistance at all fronts."

Prisoners on hunger strike: Victory will be of those resisting



Political prisoners who have been on a continuing hunger strike for the past 43 days stated that they will play their historic role in the current process, vowing that: “Those who resist will have victory.”

The statement underlined that policies of the AKP government aimed to condemn the Kurdish people to statelessness during the reconstruction of the region as it sustained and institutionalized fascism in Turkey and North Kurdistan.

The statement said all manners of repression, violence and rights violations that target human dignity across the country are also being carried out in prisons which have become torture centres where the intention is to break the resistance and the will of prisoners.

The statement underlined that: "The indefinite-irreversible hunger strike in Şakran, Sincan, Edirne and Van has continued for 30 days, while the hunger strike continues in all other prisons since 15 March. We are aware of the fact that the isolation imposed on our Leader in İmralı stands at the center of all these practices in prisons. For this reason, the isolation must be stopped in order for all the policies of repression, torture and denial to end. We must start by saying “No” to these policies. With over 10 thousand prisoners in jails, we believe that we can play an historic role as a major force of resistance on this earth where we share life and meaning with our Leader. Those who resist and fight for the truth will have victory.”

Health of political prisoners on hunger strike deteriorates



The hunger strikes in İzmir Aliğa Şakran Prison is in its 40th day, Edirne F-Type Closed in its 31st day, Sincan Women's Closed Prison in its 31st day, and Van Prison in its 18th day. In the meantime, the hunger strike that was launched in all prisons on March 15 with the same demands has entered its 11th day.

Sincan

7 women Sosin Şengül, Jiyan Ateş, Nilüfer Şahin, Fatma Gökhan, Leyla Uyanık, Şivekar Ataş and Rihan Kavak launched a their strike at Sincan Women's Closed Prison in Ankara on February 23. Human Rights Association (IHD) Ankara Branch said; ***“Lawyers from our Prisons Commission have periodically visited these prisoners upon the application of their families who are concerned over their safety of life.”***

In its report, IHD drew attention to the situation of prisoners on hunger strike and gave the following details:

- “Sosin Şengül's blood pressure is irregular and she has lost 4 pounds.
- Jiyan Ateş has constantly low blood pressure and lost 4 pounds.
- Nilüfer Şahin's blood pressure is 7-8 and she has lost 5 pounds.
- Fatma Gökhan's blood pressure is 7-8 and she has lost 3.5 pounds.
- Leyla Uyanık has low blood pressure and lost 3 pounds.
- Şivekar Ataş has low blood pressure and lost 4 pounds.
- Rihan Kavak has low blood pressure and lost 4 pounds.”

ŞARKAN

Zana Yaktın, İhsan Bakaç, Özgür Güçlü, and Aslan İlhan continue their strike in the T3 Closed section.

Eren Tekin, Sinan Ekmekçi, Mustafa Akar, Cengiz Doğan, Necdet Kaya, Erhan Aryüz, Murat Duman and Kasım Özdemir continue their strike in the T2 section.

The names of the prisoners in T4 section that later joined the hunger strike are: Nayif Yargın, Veysi Kaya, Yusuf Özdemir, Mihamed Bru, Abdullah Aksu, Şivan Bilik, Roni Yavuz, and Ahmed Azad Hacıhamır.

The female prisoners that joined the hunger strike on February 25 are: Cihan Asi, Derya Moray, Meryem Söylemez, Hürriyet Doğan and Mahsume Şedal.

The names of 5 of the 7 prisoners at T4 that joined the hunger strike on March 22 are: Hasan Kasım, Enver Ahmet, Serkan Şahin, Mehmen Emin Dağ and Devran Makas.

EDİRNE

The hunger strike at Edirne F-Type Closed Prison is in its 31st day with the participation of Sami Geylani, Ali Kurt, Mazlum Bataray, Zerdeşt Oduncu, Ramazan Kızıldağ, Enver Baysal, Bülent Öztürk, İsmail Derviş, Hüseyin Bilecan, İbrahim Nilufer, Erdal Emeç, Î. Wezîr Abbasovich, Sheikh Davut Başqan, Mehmet Zahit Şahin, Yahya Özman and Necat Öztekin.

VAN

The hunger strike in Van Prison is in its 18th day. The prisoners joining the hunger strike here are reported to experience weight loss and worsening health conditions.

SİLİVRİ

Ömer Çelik, jailed editor of the Dicle News Agency (DİHA) which was shut down by the government, sent a letter from Silivri No.5 Type L Closed Prison where he is held, and stated that 10 prisoners in Silivri Prison have also started an indefinite-irreversible hunger strike as of April 5.

ERZİNCAN

Prisoners held in Erzincan Type T Closed Prison have also launched an indefinite-irreversible hunger strike starting from March 15.

CEYHAN

Two prisoners held in Ceyhan Type M Closed Prison have announced going on indefinite-irreversible hunger strike in protest at the torture in prisons.

70 prisoners in Van including those on hunger strike are sent to other jails

70 prisoners in Van T-Type Closed Prison have been sent to other prisons on 16 March. These include 10 prisoners who went on the indefinite-irreversible hunger strike on 8 March. The reason for the forced transfer of the inmates, and to which prison they have been sent, was not disclosed.

The names of the 10 prisoners on hunger strike are: Gani Kaya, Mahsun Yüksekdağ, Dilgeş Yaşar, İlyas Yorgun, Mesut Yabalak, Abdullah Kaya, Yunus Konak, Kerem Karagöz, İsmail Berke, Taner Aslan.



Families of prisoners on the strike for 43 days call for support

The hunger strike launched in Şakran Prison entered its 42nd day on Tuesday 28 March. The families of the strikers warned that they are entering a critical period and called for public awareness.

İzmir

Political prisoners in İzmir's Aliğa Şakran Prison launched their strike on February 15 with the demand that "the isolation imposed upon the Kurdish People's Leader Abdullah Ocalan be lifted and severe rights violations in the prison end". Their strike entered its 42nd day on Tuesday 28 March.

With every passing day, torture and rights violations increase in the prison and healthy information cannot be obtained. In the past week, prisoners in section T3 had their wards raided and themselves were being battered.

Health of the prisoners on the strike are deteriorating every day as the prison administration doesn't provide them with vitamin B1 vital for their health.

The start of weight loss

Nusvet Üzrek, the aunt of a hunger striker, Zana Yaktın, said that Yaktın has lost a lot of weight, while all prisoners are entering a critical period. Stressing support for the resistance in prison, Üzrek said: “Their health is deteriorating. There are no improvements in the prison conditions yet. Everything is getting worse. They should be supported. Whenever we go to visit, we are also subjected to pressure and insults. That place is not a prison, it’s a torture camp. They want there to be no visitors. The last time we visited, Zana had lost a lot of weight. Their situation is approaching an irreversible point. They are getting worse. They can’t communicate among themselves because they are in separate sections. But the situation in other sections is also very bad. The torture is unimaginable.”

“I couldn’t pull myself together when I saw my son”

A hunger striker, Özkan Yaşar’s mother, Hazal Yaşar, said her son lost a lot of weight and added: “They are under constant torture. This had been going on for a long time. We are also subjected to torture when we go for visits. They are doing all they can to keep us from visiting. They want to isolate our children. When I visited, I couldn’t recognize my son. He had lost so much weight. He talked to us, he tried to laugh. I recognized his teeth when he smiled. It was just his teeth. My child has wasted away. Two of his friends helped him into the visiting booth. He couldn’t even walk. I couldn’t pull myself together when I saw him. His condition is very bad. They are determined to resist. So we should support them.”

“Built for torture”

Çiçek Aydın stated that they are subjected to insults and mistreatment even when she goes to visit her husband and added: “Something must be done about this prison. We can’t explain to people what kind of place this is. Only those who have been there understand. It was built as a torture center. The prisoners who are battered are also facing communication bans. They are constantly issuing us fines so we don’t go for visits. I have been going to prisons for 24 years, but this is the first time I have seen such a bad place. The hunger strike continues. This period has seen an increase in pressure and torture. We must speak out. The situation is horrible.”

“A committee should go and inspect urgently”

İzmir Solidarity with the Prisons Initiative chair, Selma Altan, said the hunger strikers have passed the critical phase and have started to suffer irreversible damage, and called on the public and NGOs to “speak out”. Altan said that the prisoners are subjected to severe pressure, torture and rights violations and added: “The conditions in Şakran Prison are like torture camps. There is an incredible torture. Each section’s warden employs different torture techniques. The hunger strikers are in critical condition now. There are people who have lost 10 kilos. They are entering the period of irreversible damage. An independent committee should go in and inspect. Let’s speak out, or it will be so much worse.”

Some names of the hunger strikers are as follows:

T3 Closed Section: Zana Yaktın, İhsan Bakaç, Özgür Güçlü, Aslan İlhan.

T2 Closed Section: Eren Tekin, Sinan Ekmekçi, Mustafa Akar, Cengiz Doğan, Necdet Kaya, Erhan Aryüz, Murat Duman, Kasım Özdemir

T4 Closed Section: Nayif Yargın, Veysi Kaya, Yusuf Özdemir, Mihamed Bru, Abdullah Aksu, Şivan Bilik, Roni Yavuz, Ahmed Azad Hacıhamır, Hasan Kasım, Enver Ahmet, Serkan Şahin, Mehmen Emin Dağ, Devran Makas.

Names of prisoners who joined the hunger strike on February 25 are: Cihan Asi, Derya Moray, Meryem Söylemez, Hürriyet Doğan and Mahsume Şedal.

The report

İzmir Solidarity with the Dungeons Initiative has prepared a report on the rights violations of the prisoners on hunger strike in Aliğa Şakran Prison. According to the report:

- There is a strict isolation implemented. The prisoners don't see each other in the yard.
- The rollcall is done while standing up.
- The wards are overcrowded, the beds are not sufficient. There are 15 to 20 people in 10-person wards. Wards are stuffier due to overcrowding.
- The prisoners are forced to remove their shoes when they go out to the yard.
- Medical needs are met either very late or aren't met at all. The prisoners are forced to make doctor's visits in handcuffs.
- Social areas have been banned, including the library.
- Books have been limited. The books that aren't normally banned have been banned by the prison education institution. They have even withheld an atlas because "it is printed in too much detail". A dictionary has been banned for being too thick.
- The prisoners who danced to a Kurdish song have received punishment in solitary confinement in Şakran Type T Prison No: 2.
- The administration has started confiscating letters.
- The prisoners are forced to wear name tags with the word "terrorist" on them. Those who refuse to wear it are banned from meeting with their families or using the telephone.
- The prisoners are forced to walk in a single line even when they go to visiting area.
- During open visits, 4 or 5 guards walk around between the tables and harass the prisoners and the visitors. Prisoners protested this practice on February 7 during an open visit, and the administration ended the visit in 10 minutes.
- In Şakran Children's Ward, 6 children were severely tortured in January. The pretext was that they spoke in Kurdish among themselves. One of the children does not know Turkish.
- A previously given right, the "reward visit", has been removed without explanation. With this, prisoners whose families lived far away could meet with them for 2 to 3 hours.
- The İzmir Governorate Human Rights Watch Committee visited the prison and met with prisoners and the administration. Four days later, the pressure increased. The condition of sick prisoners is even worse. Prisoner Cengiz Eker should be given an angiography, but he has not even been referred to a doctor.
- The situation in the prisons has not been addressed even though legal and administrative ways have been employed.
- The prisoners have these demands: The lifting of the isolation imposed upon PKK Leader, Abdullah Ocalan, his freedom, political prisoners' freedom and the removal of degrading practices.