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Swedishunemploymentinsurance

Method to determine unemployment benefit's amount

- Which are the different unemployment benefits?

There are two different unemployment benefits. One is the basic insurance and the other one is the income loss-insurance. Compensationunder basic insuranceisprovided to those who are not members of an unemployment insurance fund, or are members of an unemployment insurance fund but do not meet the conditions for entitlement to an income-related benefit. Compensation under income loss-insurance is provided to those who have been members of an unemployment insurance fund for at least twelvemonths, provided that the member after the last entry in the fund fulfilled the work requirement.

About the amount of each kind of unemployment benefit:

What are the lower and the higher amounts of benefit?

Compensationunder basic insuranceisprovided by an amountperdaywhichisnotbased on previousincome (basic amountbenefit). It is a maximum of 320 SEK and the amountdepends on the applicantscalculated average working hours per week. If the amount of the benefit is less than 10 SEK per day it doesn't get paid to the applicant.

Compensation underincomeloss-insuranceprovided by an amount perday is based on previous income (income-related benefits). Income-related benefit is determined based on the applicant's daily earnings and average working hours. The maximum amount is 680 SEK per day.

- May someone hold concurrently several unemployment benefits or an employment benefit and another income?

An applicant can work part time or have a side-line job and at the same time uphold unemployment benefit that corresponds to the number of unemployed hours per week. The unemployment benefit is then determined by the government-set adjustment table.

- Replacement rate of the previous salary and its degression?

Income related benefit is the following percentage of the applicant's daily earnings: It is 80 percent during the first 200 days of the benefit period, and 70 percent for the remainder of the benefit period. However, the daily payment cannever be more than 680 SEK per day.

- Method to calculate benefits' amount (linked to the previous salary, to the duration of the previous work?)

Thebasic amountbenefitdepends on the applicantscalculatedaverageworkinghours per week. The applicantsaverageworkinghoursarehis or hersaverageworkinghoursperweekduringthe time frame. The total number of hoursthe applicanthasworkedduring the time frameisdivided by the number of weeks in a yearwhichis 51.96 (4.33 weeksper month). 40 hours per week is the maximum (full time) of the averageworkinghour. For example if the applicantscalculated averageworkinghours is 40, the basic amount benefit is 320 SEK. If the averageworkinghours 20, the basic amount benefit is 160 SEK per day.

In thiscase, your compensation is based on how much you have worked during the time frame. Didyouwork on average 40 hours per week (full time) during the time frame is your daily allowance as basic insurance 320 SEK.

Didyouworklessthanthatonaveragewecalculatedailyallowanceasfollows:

320 xnormalworkinghours

40

The income-

relatedbenefitisbasedontheapplicant'sdailyearningsandaverageworkinghours. The total of earningsduring the working-frame period of 12 monthsisthendivided by the number of hoursworked in a year.

Wages per hourwethenmultiplywithyour normal workinghours. Wedivide the sum by five, the numberofworkingdays in a week. Wethengetyourdailyearnings. The dailybenefitis 80% of dailyearnings but amaximum of 680 SEK.

Example 1: You have been working full time with no absences. You have worked full-time for twelvemonthsbeforebecomingunemployed. Full-timeisequivalent to 176 hoursamonth (22 days x 8 hours). Yoursalary was 16 700 SEK. You have not been sick or hadother absence fromwork.

Averageworkinghours:

 $176 \times 12 = 2112$ hours in a year. 2112 / 51.96 = 40Averageweeklyhours= 40

Income:

16 700 x 12 = 200 400 SEK 200 400/2112 = 94.89 SEK/hour 94.89 x 40 = 3 795.6 SEK/week 3 795.6 /5 = 759.12 Daily earnings are 759.12 SEK The dailyallowanceis 608 SEK (759.12*0.8)

Example 2: You have worked full-time for tenmonthsbeforebecomingunemployed. Twomonthsyouhave not worked andthosemonthshave to beincluded in the time frame eventhoughthereis no income and no workinghours in eithermonth. Yoursalaryatworkwas 16 700 SEK. You have not beenill or hadother absence fromwork.

Averageworkinghours

176 x 10 = 1760 hours in a year 1760 / 51.96 = 34 Averageweeklyhours = 34

Income

16 700 x 10 = 167 000 SEK 167 000/1760 = 94.89 SEK/hour 94.89 x 34 = 3 226.26 SEK/week 3 226.26 / 5days = 645.25 Daily earnings are 645.25 SEK The dailybenefitis 517 SEK

- Allocated time of benefits

The benefit time is a total of 300 days. If the applicant has a child under 18 years old by the end of the 300th day he or she automatically gets 150 more days of benefit with 70 per cent of the previous salary of daily earnings.

- Are these benefits paid every day, or just from Monday to Friday? It's week based insurance. The benefits are paid for a fulltime unemployed applicant, five days a week.
 - Are there taxes on those benefits?

Yes.

- Are there adjustments, regarding personal situations of unemployed persons (for example, family context, part-time work)? If yes, which are they?

In assessing whether there is a suitable job wead just to conditions such as medical barriers, geographic location, family reasons, housing, labour conflicts, contracts of other work and labour wage.

- In case of a part-time work, is there a wage upper limit to be allowed to receive unemployment benefits?

No, it's not the wage limit that determines the right. The right to benefit while working part-time is determined by the adjustment table. On the adjustment table

you can find out how many benefit days you are entitled too. The number of benefit days depends on what your calculated average working hours are and the number of hours per week that you are unemployed and not in any way hindered to seek work or to work.

Rules to be allowed to receive unemployment benefits, for each kind of allowance:

- Age

The basic amountbenefit can be paid at the earliest on the day that the unemployed person turns 20 years old. The income-related benefit has no again as long as the other requirements are fulfilled.

- minimum duration of work and minimum duration of subscription

To beentitled to unemploymentbenefits a person has to fulfill the following requirements during a time

frameoftwelvemonthsimmediatelyprecedingthecommencement of unemployment

- 1.been gainfullyemployedforat least 6months and have performedworkfor a minimum of 80hours per calendarmonth, or
- 2.been gainfullyemployedforat least 480hoursduring a continuousperiodofsixcalendarmonthsanddone the workforat least50 hoursduringeachofthesemonths(working).

This is called the workrequirement.

In ordertobeentitledtoincome-relatedbenefits, applicants must have met theworkrequirementsincehis or herlatestentryintotheunemploymentfund.

In evaluating whether the working condition is met, the unemployment insurance fund takes into account any membership time in another fund, immediately prior to entry into the current one. Compensation under income loss-insurance is provided to those who have been members of an unemployment fund for at least twelvemonths.

- Particular rules in relation to personal situations of unemployed people (family etc.)

The rules about suitable job, prolongation of the number of benefit days and the termination of an employment due to valid reasons are some which considers personal situations.