

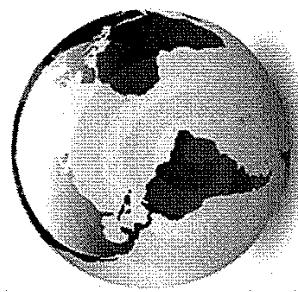
Central Assessment Directorate



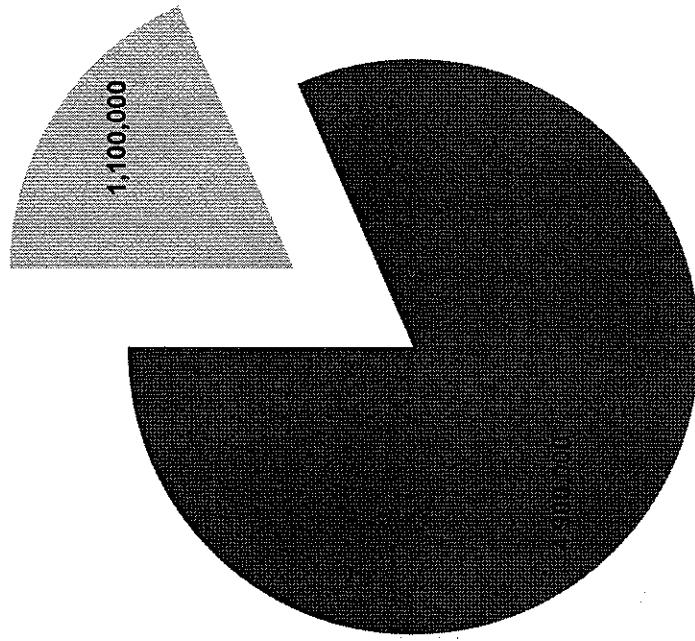
**Visit of the Danish Delegation
at the Italian Revenue Agency**
(September 21, 2012)

Mario Carmelo Piancaldini
Italian Revenue Agency
(Small Enterprises and Professionals Unit – Head)

September 21, 2012



About 6 Million V.A.T. Identification Numbers with tax return

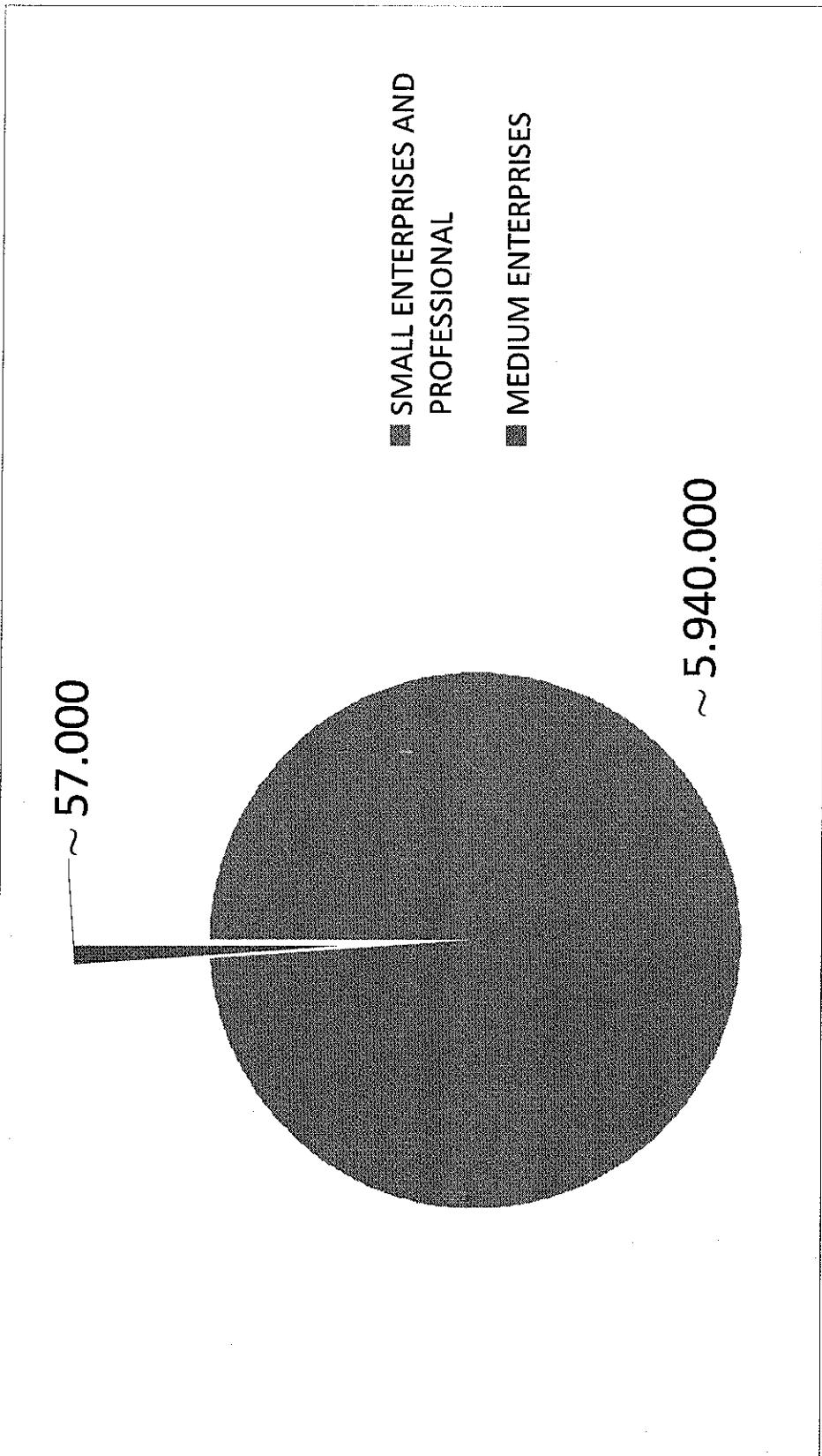


■ ENTERPRISES

■ PROFESSIONALS

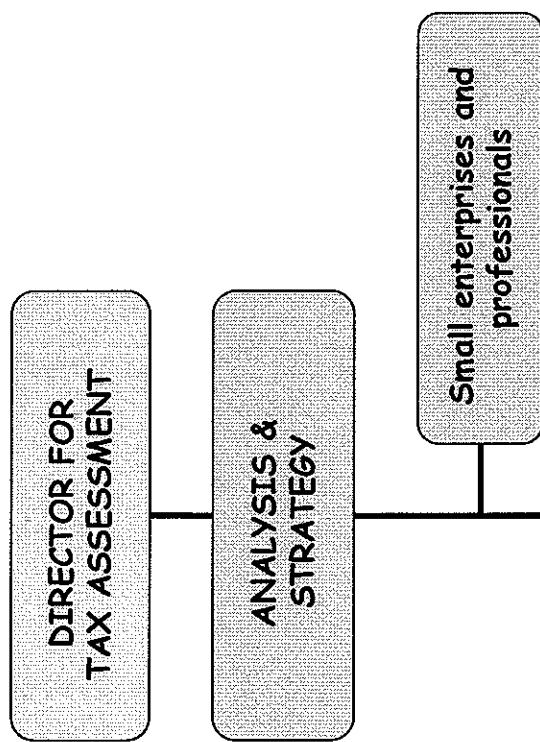
Segmentation of SMEs

- ✓ Small enterprises and professionals (turnover < 5ml euro)
- ✓ Medium enterprises (turnover from 5 to 100ml euro)

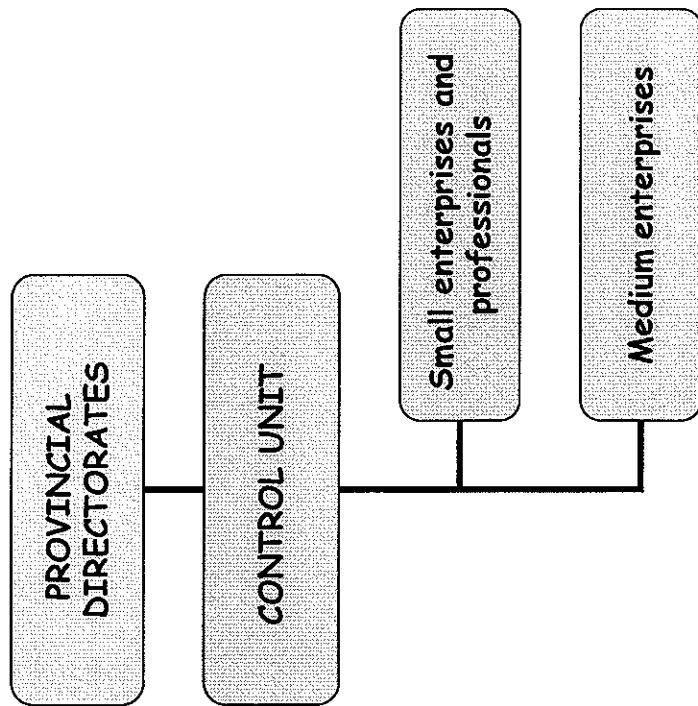


Revenue Agency units for SMEs

- Units at the central level are mainly concerned with the definition of strategies and with realization of tools to be used by regional and local units



- Units at local level are responsible for operative tasks (i.e. on the spot controls) and tax assessment



RISK ANALYSIS AND CONTROLS

- About 15.000 tax auditors in the Revenue Agency
 - In order to ensure the effectiveness of tax audits, we use databases and IT tools to do risk analysis and to select taxpayers.
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- Internal Data (Source: Tax Register)
 - External Data (Sources: Banks; Chamber of Commerce; Public utility companies etc.)



DATA BASES

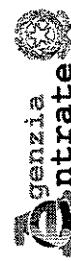
2005 Tax period

ARTS OF
MANUFACTURE,
CULTIVATION OF BUSINESS TOWARDS
THEIR OWNERSHIP AND
THEIR USE AND EXPLOITATION BY OTHERS.

➤ Internal Data (Source: Tax Register)

PART	VE	TAX	
		TAXABLE	NONTAXABLE
CALCULATION OF BUSINESS VOLUME AND THE TAX RELATIVE TO TAXABLE OPERATIONS	VE1	0	0
VE2	Transfer of goods to cooperatives and other entities referred to in art. 34 paragraph 2 point c) listed in Table A, first part, attached to Presidential Decree 53/97 and of goods by governmental agencies as they have exceeded the one-third limit (art. 34, paragraph 6), separated according to tax rate corresponding to compensation percentage, taking into account the variations referred to in art. 26, and leaving tax.	30	75
VE3		0	0
VE4		0	0
VE5		0	0
VE6		0	0
VE7		0	0
VE8	TOTALS (sum of lines from VE1 to VE7)	30	75
VE9	Variations and round-ups of the tax (indicate with a sign +/-)	0	0
VE10	TOTAL (VE8 + VE9)	30	75
VE20	Taxable operations that are different from operations indicated in the section 1 part 1 separated according to tax rate, net after the variations in decrease, and leaving tax.	30	75
Sect. 2 - Taxable agricultural operations (art. 34, paragraph 13)		0	0

Fiscal information (every tax return Income tax, VAT etc. are send electronically to the Revenue Agency)



**► External Data
(Sources: public
or private bodies)**

- **Financial contracts and operations**
 **Pension and social security contributions**
- **Utility contracts**
 **Professional orders registrations**
-  **Insurance contracts**
-  **Interest paid to bank for loan contracts**
-  **Capital transfers to/from abroad**
-  **Real estate details**
-  **Boat, car, airplane owners**
-  **Building permissions**

TTT Tools

The main software are:

- RADAR - Application for risk analysis on Enterprises and self-employed individuals;
- APPLE – Application for risk analysis on individuals;
- Ge.Ri.Co. – Sector Studies - Software for the analysis and calculation the taxpayers' income
- Serpico – Software for the analysis of all information (internal and external) - on taxpayers

Procedures & tools for SMEs assessment

□ Control process for SMEs consists of 3 consecutive steps:

1. Mapping
2. Risk analysis
3. Selection

□ Mapping and risk analysis

- Monitoring the dynamics of SMEs self-declared income and taxes
- Detecting the risky business categories on the basis of territory/period and/or other variables

□ Main dimensions of IT Tools:

- Legal form; Business sector; Turnover; Declared income; IRAP (Regional Tax on Productive Activities); IRES (Italian Tax on Corporate Income); VAT.

□ Analysis can be realized per geographical area (towns, regions, nation) and time series (2006-2010)

Export (xls) of risky subjects lists and analysis of:

- Tax return data;
- Balance sheet data;
- Shareholding structure;
- Employees data;
- Specific data (if available).

Selection is not automatic!

For each subject in the list a subsequent detailed check is carried out analyzing all available data:

- online data (SERPICO)
- other data

SEs - GERICO and Sector Studies

Sector Studies were introduced in Italy in 1998 and represent an audit selection mechanism to detect small enterprises and self-employed.

Ge.Ri.Co. is an IT tool aimed at processing the information sent by taxpayers through Sector Studies

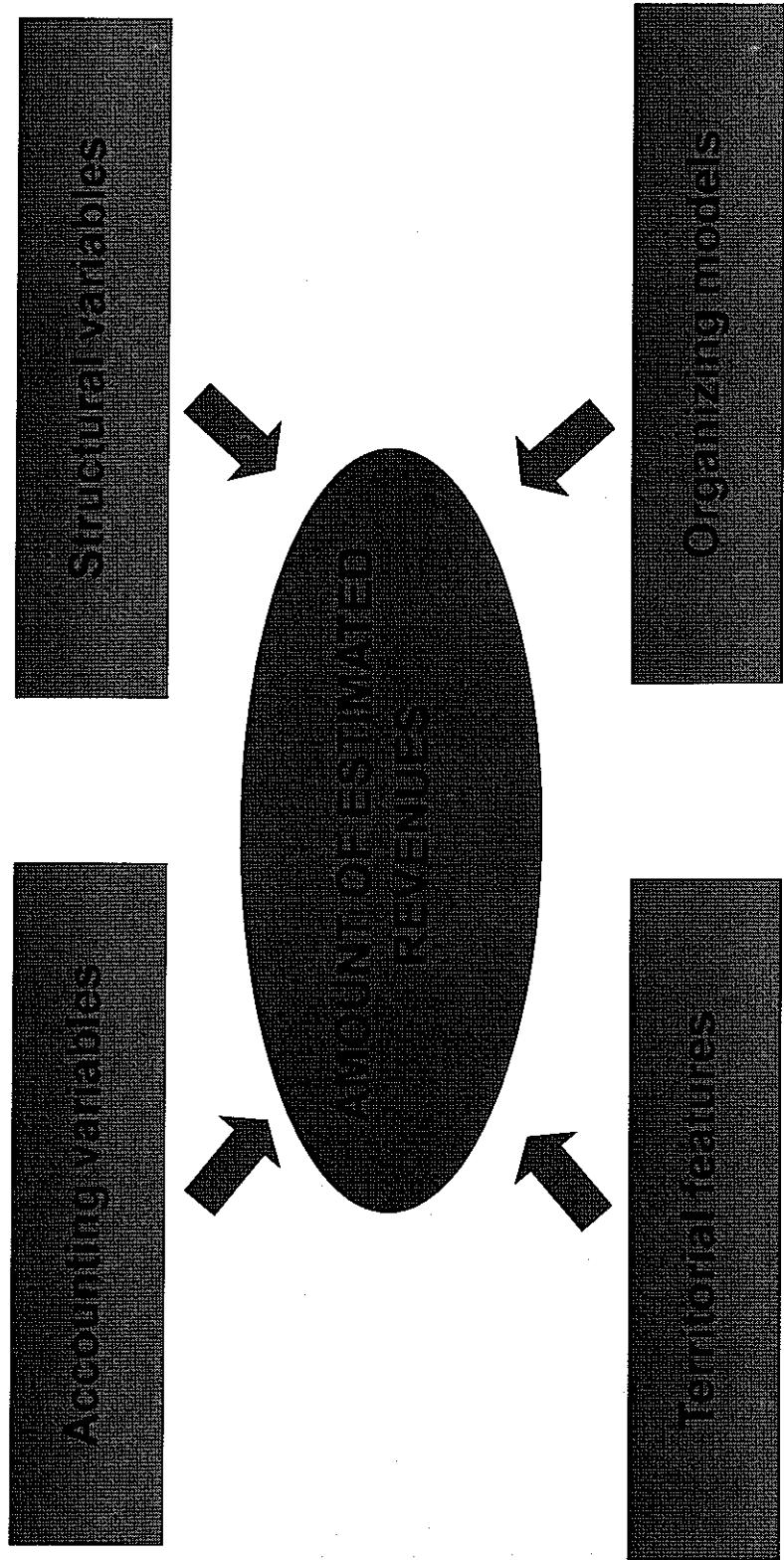
SEs - GERICO and Sector Studies

**Mathematic-statistical method to evaluate
the capacity of small enterprises (V.A.T.
turnover < 5 million EUR) to generate revenues.**

**Every year taxpayers provide revenue
Agency with their accounting data and
other information about their business.**

**Software Ge.Ri.Co. estimates the amount
of revenues.**

SES - GERICO and Sector Studies



SES - GERICO and Sector Studies

The GERICO application supplies information regarding:

- the reliability of the income and remuneration declared;
 - the coherence of the main economic indicators (such as productivity per employer, stock rotation);
 - the coherence with indicators of economic normality.
- The software allows also a statistics-based tax assessment.**

Taxpayers' guarantees

- Before issuing any tax assessment notice based on sector studies, the Revenue Agency is due to invite taxpayers in order to allow them to make objections and to show evidences in their favour.
- The Revenue Agency is subsequently due to start a procedure aimed at setting the assessment pursuant to the "agreed assessment" institute.

Assessment for SMEs - Number

Audits (2011)

	Total	SMEs	%
Number of audits	9.923	8.415	84,80%
Amounts (€/million)	16.504	7.565	45,84%

Assessments (2011)

	Total	SMEs	%
Number of assessments	697.248	190.780	27,36%
Amounts (€/million)	30.433	21.313	70,04%

Settlements (2011)

	Total	SMEs	%
Number of settlements	271.615	62.825	23,13%
Amounts (€/million)	3.428	1.413	41,22%

Questions?

□ Thank you for your attention!

