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AMERICAN SERVICE SERVICES

Den 25. marts 2009

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Vedr. j. nr. 2009- 511-0035, forslag til ændring af brændstofforbrugsafgiftsloven, registreringsafgiftsloven og vægtafgiftsloven

Motorhistorisk Samråd har modtaget ovennævnte lovforslag i høring. Motorhistorisk Samråd er paraplyorganisation for veterankøretøjsklubber i Danmark med et medlemstal på ca. 30.000.

Det fremgår af lovforslaget og dets bemærkninger, at formålet med lovforslaget er at skabe en mere miljøorienteret bilbeskatning. Samrådet kan som udgangspunkt tilslutte sig et sådant formål, men må samtid gøre opmærksom på, at forslaget kan ramme de historiske køretøjer uforholdsmæssigt hårdt. Dette er Skatteministeren i forbindelse med den indførte regel om tillæg til registreringsafgiften på grundlag af brændstofforbrug (jfr. registreringsafgiftslovens § 4, stk. 3) blevet gjort opmærksom på. Der henvises til brev af 17. februar 2009, der vedhæftes som pdf-fil.

Der foreligger en omfattende undersøgelse af bl.a. hvor meget veterankøretøjer (her defineret som køretøjer mere end 25 år gamle, da undersøgelsen omfatter flere lande med varierende alderskriterier) anvendes. Undersøgelsen og de danske resultater vedhæftes tillige. Som det fremgår, er brugen af veterankøretøjer meget begrænset, og derfor er veterankøretøjernes belastning af miljøet ligeledes særdeles beskeden. Der er derfor ingen grunde til, at sådanne køretøjer-uanset om disse er benzin-eller dieseldrevne, skal-rammes af afgiftsbestemmelser, der indføres af miljøhensyn. Det gælder både det fremsatte forslag og i øvrigt også









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registreringsafgiftslovens § 4, stk. 3. Samrådet foreslår derfor, at der i disse relationer (altså også i relation til § 4, stk. 3) indføres en regel, der undtager køretøjer, der er mere end 35 år gamle og registreret som veterankøretøjer. Der kan i den forbindelse henvises til, at i miljøbeskyttelseslovens § 15 b, stk. 5 med tilhørende bekendtgørelse nr. 57 af 28.1. 2009 er veterankøretøjer undtaget fra kravene, der gælder i etablerede miljøzoner for dieseldrevne køretøjer med en totalvægt på over 3.500 kg.

Da såvel lovforslaget som registreringslovens § 4, stk.3 er båret af miljøhensyn, er det værd at bemærke, at Miljøministeren i brev af 1. oktober 2008 til Motorhistorisk Samråd har udtalt, at veteranbiler ikke udgør et væsentligt miljømæssigt problem, men derimod er et værdifuldt kulturelt element. Brevet vedhæftes som fil.

Ingen kan vist være uenig i Miljøministerens synspunkt, og Samrådets forslag vil netop være med til at sikre bevarelsen af dette værdifulde kulturelle element, veterankøretøjerne.

Mads Thyregod

Formand for Motorhistorisk Samråd









Skatteminister Kristian Jensen Skatteministeriet Nicolai Eigtveds Gade 28 1402 København K.

Den17, februar 2009

#### Kære skatteminister Kristian Jensen

Jeg retter henvendelse til dig i min egenskab af formand for Motorhistorisk Samråd. Motorhistorisk Samråd er paraplyorganisation for veterankøretøjsklubber med mere end 30.000 medlemmer.

I det seneste nummer af Veteranposten (februar 2009) var der en artikel forfattet af MB Motor og advokat Lo Breiding med overskriften "Ny praksis for registreringsafgift". Artiklen, som jeg vedlægger i kopi, tager sit udgangspunkt i lov nr. 265 af 23. april 2008.

Som det ganske rigtigt påpeges i artiklen, anvendes veterankøretøjer kun i meget begrænset omfang. Der foreligger en omfattende dokumentation af dette, idet den internationale veterankøretøjsorganisation FIVA for nogle år siden udførte en omfattende undersøgelse af bl.a. dette spørgsmål. Danmark deltog i denne undersøgelse. Konklusionerne vedr. den danske del af denne undersøgelse vedlægges ligeledes.

Dertil kommer, at veterankøretøjer kun uhyre sjældent er involveret i trafikuheld.

Det forekommer derfor ikke rimeligt, at sådanne køretøjer skal belastes hverken af manglende airbags eller af en ikke så optimal brændstoføkonomi som moderne køretøier.

Det er derfor med tilfredshed, jeg har noteret mig, at manglende airbags ikke har betydning for fastsættelsen af registreringsafgift for veterankøretøjer (køretøjer mere end 35 år gamle).

Så vidt jeg kan se, er selve bestemmelsen om forhøjelse af registreringsafgiften som følge af brændstoføkonomi ikke ændret, så i givet fald må der være tale om en ændring i administrativ praksis, når det i artiklen påpeges, at denne bestemmelse nu også anvendes overfor veterankøretøjer.

På mine medlemmers vegne vil jeg gerne have oplyst,

 Hvorledes er den administrative praksis for så vidt angår den nævnte lovs § 4, stk. 3 i relation til veterankøretøjer?





- 2. Er praksis inden for de seneste år blevet ændret og
- 3. Såfremt det viser sig at veterankøretøjer belastes af bestemmelsen ved fastsættelse af registreringsafgift, mener du da at dette er rimeligt under hensyntagen til den ringe brug af disse køretøjer sammenholdt med deres kulturhistoriske værdi?

Med venlig hilsen

Mads Thyregod formand for Motorhistorisk Samråd





#### SKAT

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23. februar 2009

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Motorhistorisk Samråd

# Registreringsafgift - veterankøretøjer

Skatteministeren har bedt SKAT takke for henvendelsen om registreringsafgift af veterankøretøjer. Skatteministeren har samtidig bedt SKAT om at besvare henvendelsen, idet der er tale om afgiftstekniske spørgsmål.

Det drejer sig konkret om fortolkning af registreringsafgiftslovens § 4, stk. 3, vedrørende tillæg for brændstofforbrug for veterankøretøjer.

Efter bestemmelsen skal der ske en forhøjelse af afgiften med 1.000 kr. for benzindrevne personbiler for hver kilometer, personbilen kører mindre end 16 km pr. liter brændstof. For dielseldrevne personbiler sker forhøjelsen af afgiften i forhold til 18 km pr. liter brændstof.

Efter lovens § 10, stk. 4, er den afgiftspligtige værdi for køretøjer, der er mere end 35 år gamle, og som fremtræder som ved første registrering, køretøjets brugsværdi. I Skatteministeriets bekendtgørelse nr. 230 af 22. marts 2006 er det i § 14 bestemt, at køretøjets brugsværdi fastsættes til 40 pct. af nyprisen.

SKAT har fortolket lovbestemmelserne på den måde, at der ikke kan ske nogen forhøjelse af et veterankøretøjs afgiftspligtige værdi, idet denne som nævnt er fastlagt til 40 pct. af nyprisen, hvilket bl.a. indebærer, at der ikke foretages noget tillæg til den afgiftspligtige værdi eksempelvis for manglende sikkerhedspuder efter registreringsafgiftslovens § 4, stk. 7, jf. stk. 5.

Tillæg eller fradrag i afgiften, som f.eks. brændstoftillæg og –fradrag, konflikter derimod ikke med definitionen vedrørende veterankøretøjers afgiftspligtige værdi, og det er derfor SKATs opfattelse, at sådanne tillæg og fradrag skal foretages for veteranbiler på samme måde som for andre brugte biler.

Det er klart, at brændstoftillægget indebærer en forhøjelse af registreringsafgiften på veteranbiler, men lovændringen i april 2008 (L 42) med bl.a. den ændrede beregning af registreringsafgift for brugte køretøjer, indebar også den lempelse i registreringsafgift for veteranbiler, at skalaknækket med anvendelse af 105 pct. i afgift af værdien blev væsentligt forhøjet. Det samlede resultat i relation til af-

giftsbetaling for veteranbiler er således noget forskellig afhængig af bilens værdi og egenskaber (herunder km pr liter brændstof ).

Kopi af Samrådets henvendelse er sammen med en kopi af dette svar sendt til Skatteministeriets fagkontor med anmodning om, at problematikken indgår i ministeriets overvejelser i tilknytning til fremtidige justeringer af registreringsafgiftslovens bestemmelser vedrørende veterankøretøjer.

Med venlig hilsen

Mogens Andreasen

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## MILJØMINISTERIET

Motorhistorisk Samfund Formand Mads Thyregod Hammerensgade 6, 2. sal 1267 København K Ministeren J.nr. MST-502-00017

1 OKT. 2008

#### Kære Mads Thyregod

Jeg er helt enig i, at veteranbiler, der lejlighedsvis kører i København og andre større byer ikke udgør et væsentlig miljømæssigt problem, men derimod er et værdifuldt kulturelt element.

Der er derfor heller ikke nogen aktuelle planer om at ændre på kravene i de danske miljøzoner, så køretøjer, der er registreret til veterankørsel, ville skulle omfattes af kravet om eftermontering af partikelfiltre.

Såfremt der fremsættes et lovforslag på området, vil Motorhistorisk Samfund, som ønsket, modtage dette i høring.

Med venlig hilsen

Mocis Lund Youlsen

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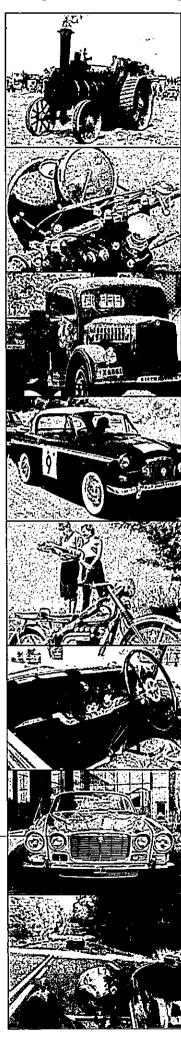
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Med venlig hilsen

Moels Lynd Foulsen



# THE HISTORIC VEHICLE MOVEMENT IN EUROPE

MAINTAINING
OUR MOBILE
TRANSPORT
HERITAGE

**RESEARCH REPORT** 



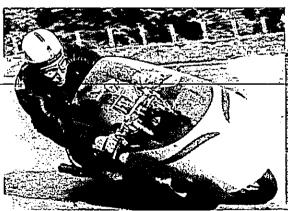


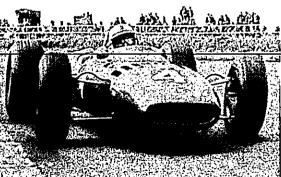
# FOREWORD JOHN SURTEES MBE

In 1960 I made the transition from two to four wheels after having won seven world championships. In recent years I have stepped back in years to ride and drive some of the very same machines that I raced in historic events all over the world. Not only on race tracks but through villages and cities where the enthusiasm of the young and the not so young has said it all.

Europe has been the centre for the development of cars, motorcycles and of motor sport for over a hundred years. It is part of our heritage and one which in recent years has seen an enormous growth in the support of historic events. Major manufacturers have created support programs for the historic cars and motorcycles they produce and an industry has developed to ensure the enthusiastic owners have the parts and the know-how to keep their cherished vehicles running. And it is not just the not so young or the wealthy who are involved. The age groups and the values cover a wide spectrum.

It covers machines from the most basic to the most exotic, each of them a piece of our history. It is the sight and sound of these machines, coupled with their history and in some cases my personal memories and most importantly the enthusiasm I see they generate that has encouraged me to become more involved in the movement. This is why I fully support this type of research which will help preserve and promote this important part of our International Motoring heritage.





# THE HISTORIC VEHICLE MOVEMENT IN EUROPE



# MAINTAINING OUR MOBILE TRANSPORT HERITAGE

**RESEARCH REPORT** 

OCTOBER 2006



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Introduction 6  Research Findings 8  1. Economic Activity 8  2. Employment and Stability 9  3. Number and Use of Vehicles 10  4. Cultural and Social Activities 11  Observations on the Findings 13  Research Team 16	Foreword from John Surtees MBE	Inside front cover
Research Findings  1. Economic Activity  2. Employment and Stability  3. Number and Use of Vehicles  4. Cultural and Social Activities  Observations on the Findings  Research Team	Executive Summary	4
1. Economic Activity 2. Employment and Stability 3. Number and Use of Vehicles 4. Cultural and Social Activities 11 Observations on the Findings 13 Research Team	Introduction	6
2. Employment and Stability  3. Number and Use of Vehicles  4. Cultural and Social Activities  11  Observations on the Findings  Research Team	Research Findings	. 8
3. Number and Use of Vehicles 4. Cultural and Social Activities 11 Observations on the Findings 13 Research Team 16	1. Economic Activity	8
4. Cultural and Social Activities 11 Observations on the Findings 13 Research Team 16	2. Employment and Stability	9
Observations on the Findings 13 Research Team 16	3. Number and Use of Vehicles	10
Research Team 16	4. Cultural and Social Activities	11
	Observations on the Findings	13
Supporting Organisations Inside Back Cover	Research Team	16
	Supporting Organisations	Inside Back Cover



# PRECISIONE SIMMARY

#### This Research

The Fédération Internationale des Véhicules Anciens (FIVA) in association with its National Federations and their clubs, with the assistance of industry and other institutions has undertaken this Europe wide survey of the historic vehicle movement and its activities to cover the twelvemonth period from 1st July 2004 to 30th June 2005.

The historic vehicle movement is a considerable contributor to the European economy and is responsible for thousands of jobs in a range of traditional skills inside stable businesses. It attracts interest from millions of people from all walks of life who enjoy seeing our mobile motoring heritage of cars, motorcycles, steam and commercial vehicles of all types over 25 years of age.

This is the first such Europe wide study undertaken. It is a quantitative study of the scope and range of individual, trade and club based activities that maintain the communities of interest (social, technological, economic) in road transport heritage. It provides considerable data to promote and protect the activity. This is only a beginning, however, and cannot be considered definitive or complete. It serves to indicate many avenues for further research.

# Methodology

The research was based on a questionnaire survey conducted between 2005—2006. 11 European Union countries (Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Hungary, Holland, Ireland, Italy, Sweden and United Kingdom) were directly-involved.

In each of the participating countries there were three separate paper questionnaires: one for individual enthusiast members of historic vehicle clubs to complete: one for specialist traders providing services to the historic vehicle movement and a third for the clubs themselves. Websites set up for club members in Denmark, Sweden, Holland and France provided the option of completing questionnaires via the internet.

The responses are restricted to those of club members and traders who are dependent on the community. In principle it does not contain information from non-club members. Consequently, the figures reported could be further amplified to include all enthusiasts and businesses.

In analysing the data the research team extended the results from the 11 countries surveyed to represent the 23 members of FIVA in Europe.

- 750,000 questionnaires were distributed across Europe principally to vehicle club members.
- Questionnaires were produced in 9 languages, using 5 currencies.
- Over 9,000 questionnaires were distributed to organizations providing goods and services to the European historic vehicle community.
- The combined FIVA club membership in participating countries is 670,000.
- The remaining 12 countries have a FIVA membership of 116,000.

## **Key Findings**

#### 1 Economic Activity

- Historic vehicle related activity is worth over €16 billion to the EU annually.
- Export trade is worth over €3 billion.

#### 2. Employment and Stability

- Over 55,000 people in the EU earn some or all of their living serving the historic vehicle movement.
- 67% of businesses serving the movement have been established for over 10 years.

#### 3. Number and Use of Vehicles

- Over 70% of historic vehicles travel less than 1500 kilometres per year.
- There are approximately 1.5 million historic vehicles that are road worthy and legal.

#### 4. Cultural and Social Activities

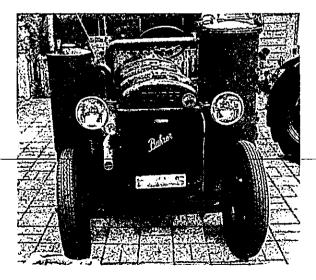
- 29% of historic vehicle owners have a household income of less than €30,000 per year.
- In pursuit of their hobby enthusiasts spend **2.6** million nights away from home both within and outside their home country.
- 78% of historic vehicles are valued at less than €15,000.
- There are in excess of 786,000 enthusiasts who belong to nearly 2000 clubs.

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#### Our Mobile Transport Heritage

It is difficult to think of anything that has had a greater influence on the development of European society over the last century than mechanised road transport. A little over 100 years ago motorised road transport was virtually unknown, and the motor trade little more than an esoteric cottage industry. Today, everyone takes the freedom of travel afforded by the motor vehicle for granted and millions have been employed in some aspect of the motorised road transport industry.

The "historic vehicle movement" is a loose term encompassing interest in any type of road vehicle dating from the earliest days of mechanised transport 125 or more years ago right up to the late 1970s. The movement celebrates the past by preserving the small percentage of vehicles that have survived for more than 25 years. The movement is not just about cars and motorcycles but covers a huge range of vehicles from lightweight mopeds to giant haulage tractors; from steam traction engines to svelte sports cars; from one-rider motorcycles to 80 passenger buses — if it ran on the road, and was made before 1980, there is a place for it in the historic vehicle movement.



The historic vehicle movement relies on the dedication and enthusiasm of individuals who own and preserve the vehicles. They provide an invaluable service for future generations. Without them, few older vehicles would survive beyond their normal economic life. Posterity will be the poorer, and future generations will be deprived of tangible examples of the machinery that underpinned so many developments of the last century.

The one thing above all others that provides enthusiasts with the incentive to preserve their old vehicles is the knowledge that they may use them. Without that key ingredient our mobile transport heritage would cease to be mobile and fall into disrepair before its ultimate disintegration. This should not be permitted to happen to any part of our heritage, let alone one that has played such a major part in shaping our world.

#### **FIVA**

The Fédération Internationale des Véhicules Anciens (FIVA) is an international body representing historic vehicle owners worldwide with more than 50 member nations. Over half of these are concentrated in Europe. FIVA undertakes a special task on behalf of its European membership to ensure that measures taken in the interest of society at large do not impinge unfairly on the ability to use historic vehicles. FIVA does this by maintaining close links with European institutions to highlight potential problems and encourage regulatory solutions that satisfy both the need for freedom of use and the demands of daily traffic circulation. FIVA is a signatory to the EU Road Safety Charter and encourages its European national federations to establish and maintain similar links with their own national governments.

By working in conjunction with the EU, FIVA's

work has resulted in some clear recognition for the historic vehicle movement, and not always in respect of road usage. Recent examples include:

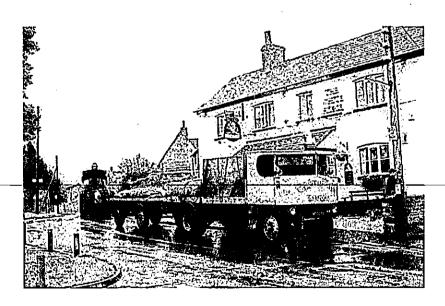
- Acknowledgement by the European
   Commission that historic vehicles need to be exempted from any future laws requiring the general use of daytime running lights as continuous use of lights would be impossible for many historic vehicles.
- A derogation in the Directive imposing a general ban on paints high in Volatile Organic Compounds to allow the continued sale of small volumes of correct paints to ensure visual authenticity of vehicles even after repair and re-spraying.
- Recognition by the European Commission that enforced retrofitting of blind-spot mirrors to historic buses and trucks would impair the authenticity of preserved historic commercial vehicles.

Across Europe there are hundreds of thousands of individual enthusiasts who benefit from FIVA's

work, thousands of people working in businesses that depend upon historic vehicles remaining in use, and millions of members of the general public would be the poorer if they were deprived of the pleasure of seeing historic vehicles being driven on the road or at events and shows.

The motor vehicle has become an integral part of European culture. We have a responsibility to protect all aspects of our heritage, and in this case that means ensuring the future of the historic vehicle movement by preserving the right to use old vehicles on the roads of Europe.

This report sets out the results of the first ever pan-European study of the historic vehicle movement. Its focus is firmly on the social and economic impact of those vehicles on the cultural, social and economic fabric of the European Union. The findings themselves are grouped under four headings: economic activity, employment and stability, number and use of vehicles and cultural and social activities. These are followed by a selection of observations by the researchers.

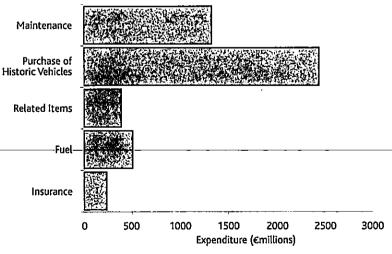


# RESEARS HINDINGS

# 1. ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

## Historic vehicle trade in the EU is worth over €16 billion annually

- More than 9000 businesses generate their income by the provision of services and products to the historic vehicle movement.
- Businesses serving the historic vehicle movement generated €16.66 billion in trade.
- Exports from the EU are worth €3.35 billion.
- 57% of businesses export within Europe and 45% export outside the EU.
- Over €4.9 billion was spent by club members on insurance, purchase of vehicles, fuel, maintenance, and other related items (magazines, books, models, clothes, etc.).
- Private sales of historic vehicles by members is approaching €760 million.
- Historic vehicle clubs spent over €12.4 million on the printing and distribution of club publications.
- Overall expenditure by historic vehicle clubs was approximately €39 million.

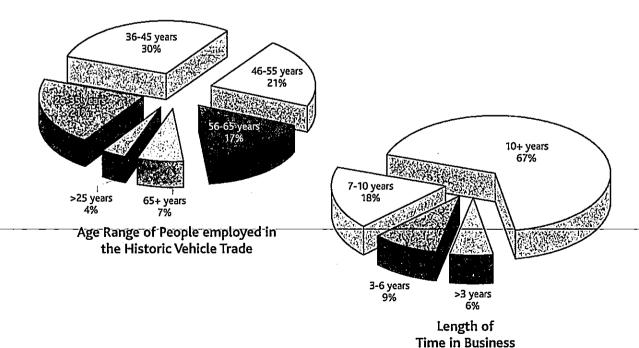


**Expenditure by Members of Historic Vehicle Clubs** 

# 2. EMPLOYMENT AND STABILITY

# Over 55,000 people in the EU earn some or all their living serving the historic vehicle movement

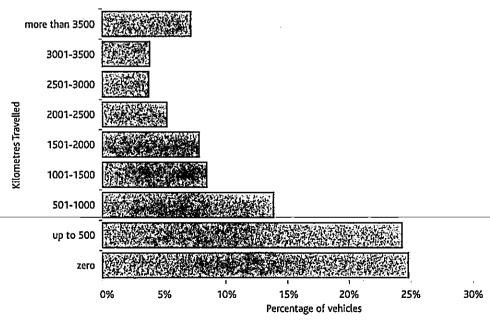
- 67% of businesses have been trading for more than 10 years.
- Of the 55,000 people employed in the historic vehicle trade, 68%, work full time.
- 55% of respondents working in the trade are aged 45 years or less, with 24% above 55 years.
- Of the over 9000 businesses involved in the movement 43% have plans to recruit staff within the next 3 years.
- 44% of businesses trying to recruit new staff indicated they have difficulty in finding people with the right skills and knowledge.
- 22% of businesses indicate they offer apprenticeships and 49% offer training.
- 73% of businesses have a website.



# 3. NUMBER AND USE OF VEHICLES

## Most historic vehicles in the EU travel less than 1500 kilometres per year

- 83% of historic vehicles are used less than three times per week.
- 71% of all historic vehicles travelled no more than 1500 kilometres in the year of the survey.
- There are 1,950,000 historic vehicles owned by club members resident in the EU.
- 1,530,000 historic vehicles are road worthy and legal.
- More than 255 million vehicles are registered in the EU (EU Transport Commission data).
   Historic vehicles account for 0.8% of these.
- Modern vehicles travelled a total of 2.2 trillion kilometres. Historic vehicles travelled over
   1.4 billion kilometres (0.07% of the distance travelled by modern vehicles).

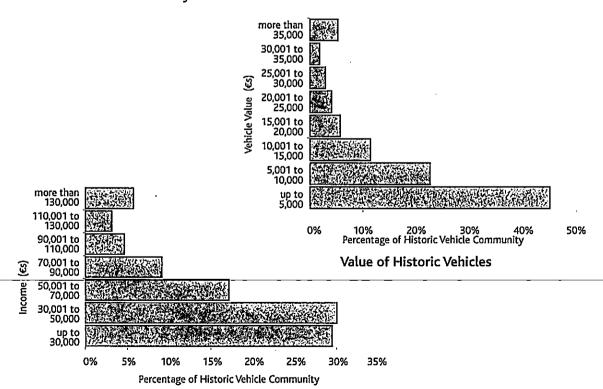


Distance Travelled by Historic Vehicles

## 4. CULTURAL AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

# Almost a third of historic vehicle owners have household incomes of less than €30,000

- Approximately 78% of historic vehicles are valued at less than €15,000.
- 29% of vehicle owners have a household income of no more than €30,000 per year.
- There are over 786,000 enthusiasts belonging to nearly 2000 historic vehicle clubs.
- 165,000 EU club members were also members of historic vehicle clubs based outside their own countries.
- Enthusiasts spend 2,680,000 nights away from home to attend historic vehicle activities in the EU and abroad.
- Members attended over 265,000 historic vehicle events (with or without their vehicle) outside their own country.

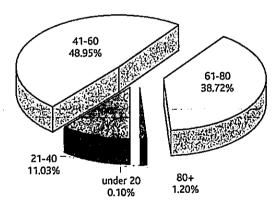


Household Income of Members

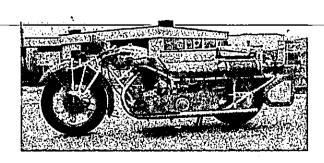
# 4. CULTURAL AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

#### continued ...

- 49% of enthusiasts are aged between 41 and 60 years of age and 97% are male.
- Over 400,000 historic vehicles are being stored or worked on by enthusiasts.
- More than 80% of clubs have a website.
- Nearly all clubs have a newsletter and/or club magazine, spending over €12.4 million in the year on printing and distribution of their publications.
- There are over 700 transport museums in the EU, attracting over 75 million visitors annually.
- Magazines dedicated to historic vehicles have an annual circulation of over 20 million.
- EU clubs raised in excess of €1.8 million for charities.



Age Ranges of Club Members



# OBSERVATIONS ON THE FINDINGS

This is the first pan-European survey of the historic vehicle movement and it has demonstrated that there is a very considerable level of cultural, social and economic activity associated with old vehicles in the EU. 670,000 individuals who are members of historic vehicle clubs in Europe had the opportunity to participate in this first survey, making it truly representative of the community. This part of the report offers a selection of observations to emphasise and clarify the data whilst suggesting where there is need for further research.

# Economic Activity, Employment and Stability

Of the three surveys undertaken, the survey of businesses that provide services and goods to the historic vehicle movement gives valuable insight into the scale of the economic value the community has within the EU. We know there are many more businesses that supply the movement but their primary focus is elsewhere, usually with modern vehicles. These have not been surveyed because they are difficult to identify, as they do not advertise in publications targeted at historic vehicle enthusiasts. These businesses include, for example, manufacturers of parts, body repair

services, suppliers and fitting services along with distribution, packaging and storage, the supply of exhausts, tyres and testing. Another small, but important, group of businesses has not been included in the survey, again because they do not advertise - these dedicated are the specialist businesses (often just one or two people) who have exceptional skills and

who derive their business purely from word of mouth personal recommendation.

It is more than noteworthy that the figure of €16.6 billion in trade was generated principally by businesses advertising to the historic vehicle market. This amount does not include the historic vehicle related trading undertaken by companies whose main activity is in other fields or which have no need to advertise. The amount is thus a very conservative estimate of the overall value of the historic vehicle movement to the economy of the EU. Closer relationships between the historic vehicle movement and the businesses that serve it would help to ensure that any future survey was more representative.

Club members themselves spent over 2.6 million nights away from home attending historic vehicle related events. Their attendance at over 265,000 events outside their own country indicates the hidden contribution made by clubs and their members to the travel, hospitality and event industries both in the EU and outside. Many of the events 'abroad' were within the regions of European Union. The community surrounding historic vehicles is not only contributing to the preservation of our national heritage but to the



steady generation of a harmonised European Community due to the substantial level of cross-border communication. The cultural and social fabric of Europe is strengthened by the extent of inter-regional travel that is undertaken by those involved with historic vehicles.

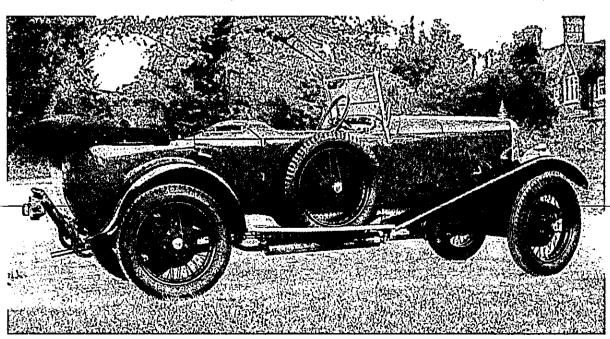
There are over 55,000 people employed in historic vehicle based businesses and the evidence is that these are significant employment opportunities. However, the dynamics of these businesses and the employment they provide are not fully understood. It is notable that most businesses have been trading for more than 10 years, indicating a considerable maturity and longevity of the market. Indeed, it is not difficult to identify businesses that have been in existence for 30 years and over. 43% of businesses were clear in their intention to recruit staff over the coming years. However, we should be aware that 44% of businesses reported having difficulties recruiting staff with the necessary skills and knowledge. A further investigation of these skills shortages is needed.

Historic vehicle clubs contribute substantial amounts to the economy of the EU. A high proportion of the €12.4 million is generated for businesses in the mainstream economy, such as

printers and postal services. Additionally, clubs provide business for insurance companies and often direct their members to such companies for the insurance of their vehicles. They are also responsible for initiating the re-manufacture of parts, and organising events including tours at home and abroad.

# The Number and Use of Historic Vehicles

It is remarkable and wonderful that so many vehicles have survived into preservation. That said, in overall numbers they account for a very small proportion of all vehicles on the roads of the EU. There are over 255 million vehicles in the EU of which only 0.8% are historic. A similar comparison can be made with the distance travelled. In 2002, official statistics show total travel in EU was over 2.2 trillion kilometres. Historic vehicles travelled approximately 1.4 billion kilometres, representing a mere 0.07% of total circulation. A high percentage of historic vehicles travelled less than 1500 kilometres. This means that while some historic vehicles are used regularly they are not used to travel very far. The overall environmental impact resulting from fuel consumption and the distances travelled is extremely low, both relatively and absolutely. This is not to deny the environmental footprint made



by historic vehicles in any way. As with any form of human activity there is an environmental cost. However, as with similar heritage activities, the impact needs to be offset by the ways in which they are preserved and by the contribution they make to the social and cultural life of millions of people. Historic vehicles are not the 'normal means of transport' for more than a few keen enthusiasts. They are a leisure-based interest. In restoring and maintaining their historic vehicle, owners work to preserve our heritage. Much of their use, as indicated by the low distances travelled and high number of events attended, is likely to be generated by shows, exhibitions and club meetings.

#### **Cultural and Social Activities**

Most makes and marques of historic vehicle have a club dedicated to support their preservation and enjoyment. Although clubs with 670,000 members were surveyed, more exist. Most clubs are run on a voluntary basis, managed by committees. Their age varies but it is not difficult to identify clubs that have served their members for 20 or more years. Some clubs have been in existence for over 50 years. This is a testament to the dedication of successive committees and support of their members.

Clubs by their very nature are social organisations. They often exist for the purpose of preserving a particular make and model of historic vehicle. One focus of activity is the

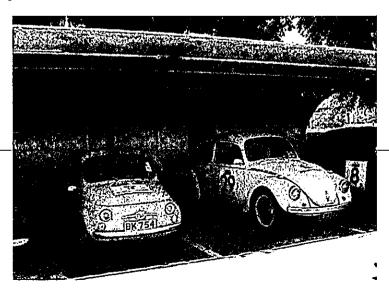
harvesting of knowledge and skills of the members. This leads to provision of technical advice and in many cases, the re-manufacture by the clubs of obsolete components as well as the sourcing of other parts. There were over 6 million attendances at historic vehicle events by club members; not all using their historic vehicle. Many of these events are also attended by substantial numbers of the general public. Public parks, town squares, houses stately along with international exhibition venues host numerable historic vehicle events each year. Two well known events, the

Techno Classica in Germany and the Festival of Speed in the UK between them have a third of a million visitors annually.

The interest in historic vehicles by club and nonclub members is indicated by the number of road transport museums in the EU and levels of visitors. There are over 700 road transport museums attracting in excess of 75 million visitors. Similarly there are over 100 magazine titles available dedicated to historic vehicles. The best selling titles account for an annual circulation figure of over 20 million.

The evidence of this survey is that the stereotype of the historic vehicle enthusiast being a wealthy middle-aged male is unfounded. Whilst historic vehicles are clearly more interesting to men than women, the interest is one that spans the full range of social and income groups. Those involved are drawn from a very wide range of occupational and professional backgrounds. Moreover, insofar as the vehicles owned vividly portray the interesting artefacts of the EU's heritage, it is clear that such a definition is very widely drawn and is certainly not focused on any one era, vehicle type or valuation. Enthusiasts' interests are eclectic in all respects.

This is an impassioned movement making very significant contributions to cultural, social and economic life of the European Union.



## Research Team



#### Dr. Paul Frost BA (Hons), MSc., PhD. Researcher

Currently Head of the School of Service Management, University of Brighton and has been engaged in education, development and research for over twenty years. He is co-founder and Chairman of the Historic Vehicle Research Institute, as well as co-founder and director of Motorbase.com, an organisation dedicated to facilitating the sharing of information to unite the historic vehicle community.

#### Dr. Chris Hart BA (Hons), MA (Econ), PhD. Researcher

Director of Midrash Publishing, Conferences and Research, co-founder and Vice President of the Historic Vehicle Research Institute, editor of two international journals and successful author. Worked for over twenty years as lecturer and researcher. Researcher on the 1997 Study of historic vehicles in Britain.





#### Geoffrey A. Smith Chartered MCIPD. Project Director

Past President of the FIVA Legislation Commission, Vice-President of the Federation of British Historic Vehicle Clubs, Chairman of the Classic British Quality Charter and co-founder and director of the Historic Vehicle Research Institute. Retired — past career in Motor Industry (Manufacturing, Engineering and Human Resources).

#### Ian Edmunds Administrator

An engineer, retired after thirty years in the car and motorcycle industries with French, Japanese and Anglo-American companies. He served ten years on the General Committee of the Federation of British Historic Vehicle Clubs and as Legislation Committee Chairman. He now works part-time in the historic vehicle movement.



All of the survey team are historic vehicle owners and club members themselves; between them they are custodians of 14 vehicles dating back to 1927.

# 1900 National Expect Managers

Victor Papadopoulos, Friends of the Historic & Old Cars of Cyprus, Cyprus Jan Zvelebil, Federation of Historic Vehicle Clubs of Czech Republic, Czech Republic Svend Aage Tholstrup, Motorhistorisk Samrad, Denmark Patrick Rollet, Federation Francaise des Véhicules D'epoque, France -Maik-Hirschfeld, Bundesverban-Deutscher-Motorveteranen-Glub-e:v., Germany—Tiddo Bresters, FEHAC, Holland Zoltan Gardos, Magyar Veteranautos Es Motoros Szovetseg, Hungary Peadar Ward, Irish Veteran & Vintage Car Club Ltd, Ireland Adalberto Gueli, Automotoclub Storico Italiano, Italy Georg Magnusson, Swedish Federation of Historic Vehicle Clubs, Sweden Andrew Burt, Federation of British Historic Vehicle Clubs, United Kingdom.

FIVA wish to acknowledge the support and assistance received from the following:





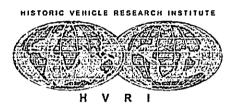






































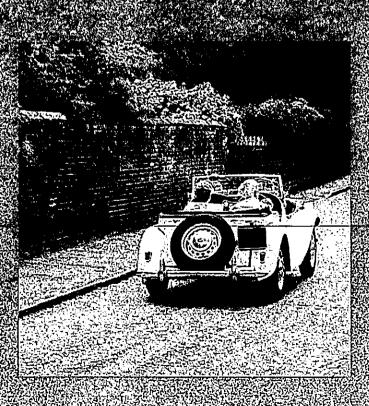








**University of Brighton** 



www.fiva.org.

# Resultaterne af FIVA undersøgelsen i Danmark.

På tidspunktet for udsendelsen af spørgeskemaerne var der i de klubber, som er tilknyttet Motorhistorisk Samråd (MhS) 26.634 medlemmer. Dette tal er i dag steget til 28.576 medlemmer.

Der blev udsendt tre typer spørgeskemaer til henholdsvis medlemmer, virksomheder og klubber – således

- Til samtlige medlemmer via klubberne 26.643 skemaer
- Til virksomheder 107 skemaer
- Til klubber 57 skemaer.

#### Besvarelsen har været således

- 2.595 medlemmer svarede svarende til 9,8 %
- 37 virksomheder svarede svarende til 35 %
- 44 klubber svarede svarende til 77 %.

I denne undersøgelse er et historisk køretøj defineret som et køretøj, der er mindst 25 år gammelt – af hensyn til sammenligneligheden i den samlede undersøgelse i alle EU-landene.

Undersøgelsen vedrører perioden fra 1. juli 2004 til 30. juni 2005.

# Nøgletal fra besvarelserne er som følger:

# Om medlemmerne:

Der er 52.000 historiske køretøjer hvoraf 38.000 er indregistrerede eller klar til at blive indregistrerede – svarende til 73 %.

Der er kun 3 % af medlemmerne, som ikke ejer et historisk køretøj.

Af disse køretøjer bruges 86 % udelukkende til lejlighedsvis kørsel. 71 % af køretøjerne kører mindre end 1500 km om året - 21 % endda mindre end 500 km årligt. Kun godt 5 % kører mere end 3500 km om året og gennemsnitligt kører et historisk køretøj 1400 km om året.

36 % af de historiske køretøjer er mindre end 37.500 kr. værd og 75 % er mindre end 112.500 kr. værd. Kun knap 5 % er mere end 262.500 kr. værd.

Ejere af historiske køretøjer deltog i perioden i 146.000 indenlandske arrangementer og 6.500 udenlandske. Det medførte ca. 31.500 overnatninger uden for hjemmet i Danmark og ca. 16.000 uden for Danmark.

11.400 har udover et eller flere medlemskaber af danske klubber desuden medlemskab af en eller flere udenlandske klubber.

Der er i perioden betalt for følgende ydelser & produkter:

- 53 mio. kr. for forsikringer
- 270 mio. kr. for vedligehold og reparationer
- 27 mio. kr. for brændstof
- Køb af køretøjer for 856 mio. kr.
- 15 mio. kr. for blade og magasiner
- 11 mio. kr. for bøger
- 19 mio. kr. for værktøjer

og der er solgt køretøjer for 197 mio. kr.

Af medlemmerne er 51 % i aldersgruppen 41 - 60 og 36 % i aldersgruppen 61 - 80.

Husstandsindkomsterne blandt medlemmerne ser således ud:

- 16 % har en husstandsindkomst på under 225.000 kr.
- 27 % på mellem 225.000 kr. og 375.000 kr.
- Kun 10 % har en husstandsindkomst på over 800.000 kr.

Næppe overraskende - 97 % af medlemmerne er mænd.

# Om klubberne:

- Klubberne har arrangeret 2.300 arrangementer
- Til trykning og distribution af klubblade er brugt 7,7 mio kr. heraf alene til distribution 2,5 mio. kr.

- Klubbernes indtægter kommer primært fra medlemskontingenter, annoncer og sponsorer.
  - o Kontingenter løber op i kr. godt og vel 20 mio. kr.
  - o Annoncer i klubblade giver knap 9 mio. kr.
  - o Sponsorer har givet godt 1 mio. kr.
  - Alt i alt er der indtægter for knap 32 mio. kr.
- 91 % af klubberne har deres egen hjemmeside

# Om virksomhederne:

37 ud af 107 har svaret, hvilket jo er en flot besvarelsesprocent – men ikke helt let rent statistisk at udlede så forfærdelig meget af. Sikkert naturligt nok, idet Danmark jo ikke just er kendt for sin bilindustri. De virksomheder der er sendt skemaer til er hovedsageligt enkeltmands- og mindre virksomheder, som betjener ejere af historiske køretøjer med restaurering, vedligehold, service og levering af reservedele.

- 76 % har været i gang i mere end 10 år og kun 3 % i mindre end 3 år
- 81 % af de ansatte er fuldtidsansatte
- 36 % anfører at de har problemer med at finde emner til nyansættelse
- 69 % har eksport til andre EU-lande og 61 % til lande uden for EU

# Lidt om økonomi og andre interessante forhold:

- Aktiviteter relateret til de historiske køretøjer medfører en økonomisk aktivitet på 1,3 mia. kr. årligt (1.300.000.000 kr.)
- Der er indregistreret 2.350.000 køretøjer i Danmark 1,6 % af disse er mere end 25 år gamle - og dermed regnet som historiske i denne undersøgelse.