PPP in the Netherlands

PPP Unit

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PPP: Trends and Policy

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Outline Presentation

PPP: Trends & Policy

- International trends in PPP
- Policy and PPP
- How PPP HELPS

PPP in the Netherlands

- Project Pipeline
- Work in progress: Dutch PPP Projects
- Rijkswaterstaat PPP Unit

Pace of PPP development in Europe

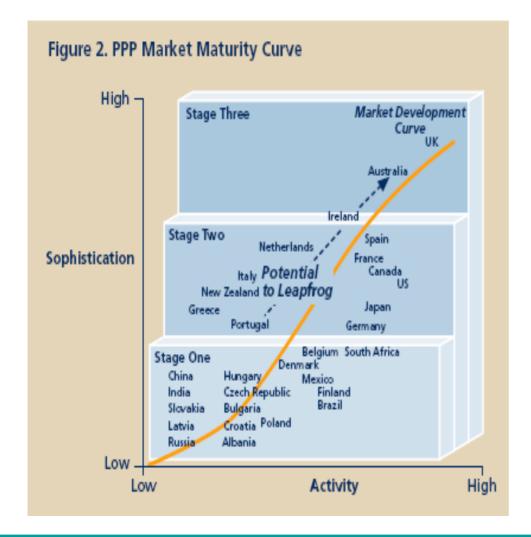
	Central Accommodation	Airports	Defence	Housing	Health & Hospital	±	Ports	Prisons	Heavy Railway	Light Railway	Roads	Schools	Sports & Leisure	Water & Wastewa (incl solid waste)
Member States														
Austria	0	\circ			•	\circ		0	•		•	\circ		0
Belgium		◔		◑					◔	\circ	•	0		•
Denmark	•							0		\circ	0	•	\circ	
Finland			0		0				0	0	•	•		0
France	•	0	0		•		0	•	•	()	•		•	•
Germany	•	0	•		◑	◑		•	0	0	•	•	◑	•
Greece	•	•			0						•	0	•	
Ireland	0			•	•			0		•	•	•		•
Italy	•	◑		◑	•		◑	0		•	•		•	•
Luxembourg		0				•								
Netherlands	•		◑	0	0		0	•	•		•	•		•
Norway (not EU)	0		0		•			0			•	•	0	
Portugal	0	0		0	◑	•	•	0	0	•	•	0	4	•
Spain	•	•			•		•	(0	•	•	0	0	•
Sweden			0		0				0	•	0			
UK	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•

Legend
Discussions ongoing
Projects in procurement
Many procured projects, some projects closed
 Substantial number of closed projects
 Substantial number of closed projects, majority of them in operation

[†] Procurement activity in these sectors relates to traditional style concession contracts



PPP Maturity internationally



Stage One

- · Establish policy & legislative framework
- Initiate central PPP policy unit to guide implementation
- · Develop deal structures
- Get transactions right & develop public sector comparator model
- · Begin to build marketplace
- · Apply early lessons from transport to other sectors

Stage Two

- Establish dedicated PPP units in agencies
- · Begin developing new hybrid delivery models
- · Expand and help shape PPP marketplace
- · Leverage new sources of funds from capital markets
- · Use PPPs to drive service innovation
- PPP market gains depth—use is expanded to multiple projects & sectors

Stage Three

- · Refine new innovative models
- More creative, flexible approaches applied to roles of public & private sector
- · Use of more sophisticated risk models
- · Greater focus on total lifecycle of project
- Sophisticated infrastructure market with pension funds & private equity funds
- Public sector learns from private partner methods as competition changes the way government operations function
- · Underutilized assets leveraged into financial assets
- Organizational & skill set changes in government implemented to support greater role of PPPs



PPP in Facts

Between 2004 and 2005:

- Worldwide appr. 200 PPP deals with a total value of 42 Billions Euros
- ► Europe appr. 150 PPP projects with a total value of 21 Billions Euros
- Within Europe:
 - ► UK in poll position with 60%
 - Spain, Italy and Portugal other major league players

Overview Europe (Deals)

2001-06		Total number of signed			
	2001-04	2005	2006	Total	deals
Italy	890	2145	3436	6471	18
Spain	1000	1154	367	2521	30
France	0	1788	255	2043	13
Belgium	1300	480		1780	4
Netherlands	1302		431	1733	6
Germany	440	830	205	1475	21
Ireland	720	121	623	1464	9
Bulgaria	0	715	563	1278	5
Greece	0	798	450	1248	2
Austria	49	0	850	899	5
Portugal	278		32	310	5
Other countri	es 2690	1254	500	4444	19
Total (exc.UK)	8669	9285	7712	25666	137
UK	44831	6250	12586	63668	436

Dutch Projects (as of 2000)

Projects	Contractvalue (millions €)		
HSL Zuid Infra Provider (railinfra)	1300		
Hoogheemraadschap Delfland (waste water treatment plant)	360		
A59 (roadinfra)	220		
N31 (roadinfra)	110		
Montaigne Lyceum (school)	25		
Ministry of Finance (accommodation)	177		
2 ^e Coentunnel (tunnel)	500 appr.		
A15 - MaVa (roadinfra)	1300 appr.		



The Challenge

- Increasing congestion:
 - ► 6 million people on main road network every day
 - ► Mobility increasing by approx. 3% a year
 - Growing delays



A need for private sector participation in transport

- Policy Document on Mobility, 2010-2020: Ambitions for a total of appr.
 €80,5 billion
- Public funding of appr. €60 billion
- The policy goals can only be realised by the use of:
 - Road pricing /toll roads
 - PPP and innovative market arrangements
 - Combining areal development to infrastructure
 - Otherwise: some projects (and policy goals) will be realised after 2020...





Sense of urgency for RWS

- More efficiency
 - Less people, same or more projects
 - ► The private sector unless....
- Focus on network management
 - Roads, rail and water
 - Corporate thinking & acting
- Collusion in the Building practice
 - Need for changes clients and sector



Policy & PPP

- Ministry of Transport focuses on enhancing the performance of the network
- Need for private sector participation in transport



How PPP Helps

- Large new projects and reconstruction:
 - Projects on time and within budget
 - Focus on availability
 - Government focuses on its core business for future projects
 - (new projects and reconstructions double or triple)
- Innovation with Construction and Maintenance combined
- Large, integrated projects only possible in PPP constructions
- Additional financial funding possible in PPP
- New business constructions possible
 - Concessions
 - Alliances
 - Joint Ventures



PPP in the Netherlands

Marc M.P. Bollen (Senior Advisor PPP Unit)



Project Pipeline Infrastructure

- Projects completed
 - HSL InfraProvider
 - ► A59
 - ► N31
- Projects in tendering
 - ► 2nd Coentunnel
 - A2 Maastricht
- PPP shifting from DBFM toward Joint Venture
 - Water program Room for the River
 - Economic Developing Project Zuid as

- Projects coming up
 - A15 Maasvlakte Vaanplein
 - A12 Utrecht Veenendaal
- PPP Intention
 - A4 Delft-Schiedam
 - A27 Breda Utrecht
 - Ring Utrecht
 - Corridor A6/A9 Schiphol Almere
 - **.**
- New Projects on their way
 - Road Pricing (Anders betalen voor Mobiliteit)

Road PPP Examples

N31

- ► 121 M€ (only B)
- ► 12 km build 25 km maintain
- 6 months shorter building period
- Value for money: 27%(14% due to market eagerness)

A59

- ≥ 218 M€
- 10 km build & maintain
- F 50% unconditional irrevocable payment
- On time & within budget
- Value for money: 14%



Railroad PPP Example

HIGH SPEED LINK

Understructure

- 7 separated Design/Construct contracts with major Dutch contractors incl. Bouygues
- ► 7 billion euro

Superstructure

- Infraspeed
- one 25 yr. DBFM contract
- ► 3 billion euro

Transport concession

- High Speed Alliance
- one 15 yr. contract



Water PPP Example

- Safety is primary goal
- Environmental/spatial surplus value
- ► 1.9 billion euro
- Development Approach
- Consultation phase
- ► Try-out



Identifying potential projects

- >> Through Value for Money testing <<
- Market Scan
 - Obligatory for projects that are initially listed on the Long Term Infrastructure Transport Program
- Public Private Comparator ("PPC")
 - Obligatory for projects > € 112,5 million
- Public Sector Comparator ("PSC")
 - Obligatory for all ppp contracts in order to identify the Value for Money

RWS PPP Unit

- PPP Advisory Unit:
 Specialized PPP-unit of the Ministry of Transport, Public Works
 & Water Management
- Aims of the Unit:
 - Advise and bring knowledge to PPP projects
 - Develop knowledge on core business
 - Share knowledge internally and exchange externally
- Specialized knowledge
 - Financial / economical
 - Contract / legal

What can we offer

- PPP Unit offers:
 - Standard contract (developed by public and private sector)
 - Instruments (Market scan, PPC and PSC)
 - Learning on the job at the Ministry
- International
 - Large number of international exchange of information
 - PPP Unit participate in UN ECE PPP community
 - All PPP units Europe gather and exchange information
 - Input form private sector (industry, backing etc)
 - Same problems (governmental approach), helpful solutions
 - PPP Unit has people stationed in France (concessions) and UK (DBFM)

End

Questions

